



The Authour to the willing practilers



Architecture, consistes in outward ornament of lights, so the inward partes are ever opposite to the eies of the beholder, taking more delight in the beauty therof, being cuningly wrought, then in any other garnishing within the same. To which purpose, is set downe in this, variety of draughts, some, ordinary and plaine, others, curious & pleasant, and although, it may seeme to those that are expert in glazeing, that some

of these draughts are needlesse, being so plaine and in vse, not deserving in this sort to be published, yet notwithstanding here I doe in friendly courtesse admonish, that it is most needefull, giving choice to the builder, both for price, and draught of worke, which by no vnderstanding can the Glazier so sencibly demonstrate his freat, as by showing his examples of draught, for by such show, the builders shall vnderstand, what to make choice off, for whose ease & surtherance only, I have published this practise of glazeing, knowing the expert maister is not vnsurnished of these vsfuall draughts, though each workeman have not all of them.

And for the further benefit of the practifer, there is herevnto annexed dyapring on each draught, either to be wrought or left, as it shall please the builder, most pleasant to all that are willing to have the same: Therefore have it not in light regard, for the vse thereof, will give you great delight, and worthy to be practised, as a speciall ornament to building, and will

beautifie the Glaziers worke, be they neuer so expert.

So by observing the order and rules here set downe, the maister or workeman shall not only see a plaine way, to imitate and sollow those draughts, in glazeing and painting on glasse: but the simplest, and vnskild prentice, shall reape sull and perfect vnderstanding thereby: praying the Almighty, to blesse your labours in sollowing the same.

Wa: Gedde.

THE MANNER TO DRAWE

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And for the surther benefit of the practiser, there is here we can a spring on each draught, either to be very allow the state of the practiser, as a shall not it not in light regard, for the victal read, will give you exect deriffer and worthy to be practised, as a special committee to be interested by the state the Glaziers worke, be they never so be near to be interested by the cheese the beautiful to be practised, as a special committee to be interested by the for the Glaziers worke, be they never so be near to be interested by the for the Glaziers worke, be they never so be near to be interested by the form of the cheese the cheese.

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Directions bow to make your Square

I to fundry artificers, each one having his owne torme and devile, in drawing of it, some by devision of halfe circle, some by other rules: there is herefore set downe a more perfect and readier way for any worke in draught, and also it needs be, to try the square rule thereby: for certainely, glasse worke of all others, requires most an exact square, for the distance, of one haire out of square, will deface the whole worke, and bring it out of all frame.

The ordering of the square.

To drawe this square: First you must drawe your line draught to solving as your worke requireth, marking right theron with your compasse, setting the one point on the figure 2. & with the other drawe a quarter circle betwixt 4. and 5. after, remove your compasse to the figure 3. and drawe a crosse circle ouer betwixt 6. and 7. and wheresoever the just middle of the crosse appeareth, marke the same with the point of the compasse, as you may perceive in the character, by the figure 8. lastly, drawe a draught, betwixt the figure 1. and the crosse point by the figure 8. and thou shalt find a pertect square to conduct thee all thy draughts. As on the former side is shewed.

A 3.

The

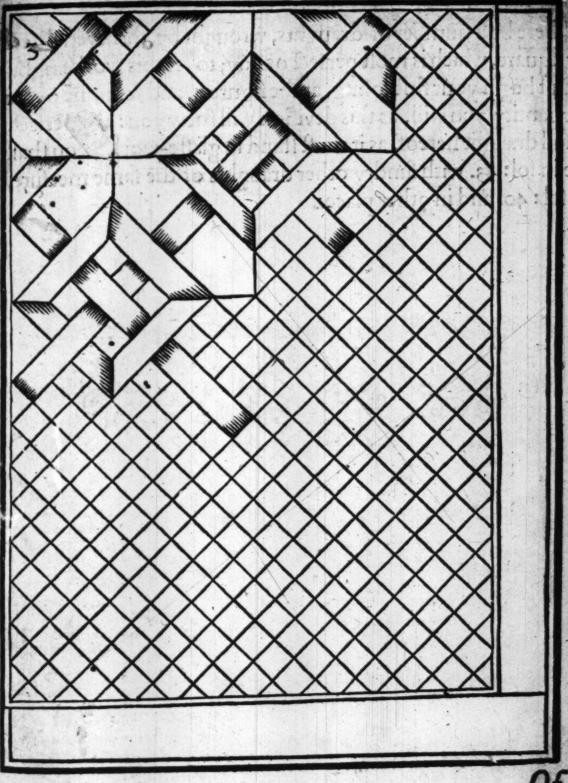
1 ne devision of measures, in glasse draughts.

To make this more plaine to the practifer, the square draught for the most part passes on three several devisions, the nort, on a declining, or collaterall square, others, on even squares, and the third, interlaced with both: This declining devision and setting this worke thereon, must begin after the forme you perceive here on his devision, and may be extended, in any quantity you please: the persect draught of this worke, and how it shall stande in glasse, you shall sinde it in fol 38. & other draughts also agreeable to the same measure, in sundry other places, as in fol: 16.27.

I tis also to be understood, that the shadowing, and darkning, fet downe in all those freats and draughts, demonstrates the diapring, which is for the vse of those that desire to have their worke beautified with the same, and the plaine draught, is the convoy, and course of the lead, which dyapring, must only be in gray, or blew colour, as is largely set downe amongst the rules of colour.



Begin this at the figure 3.



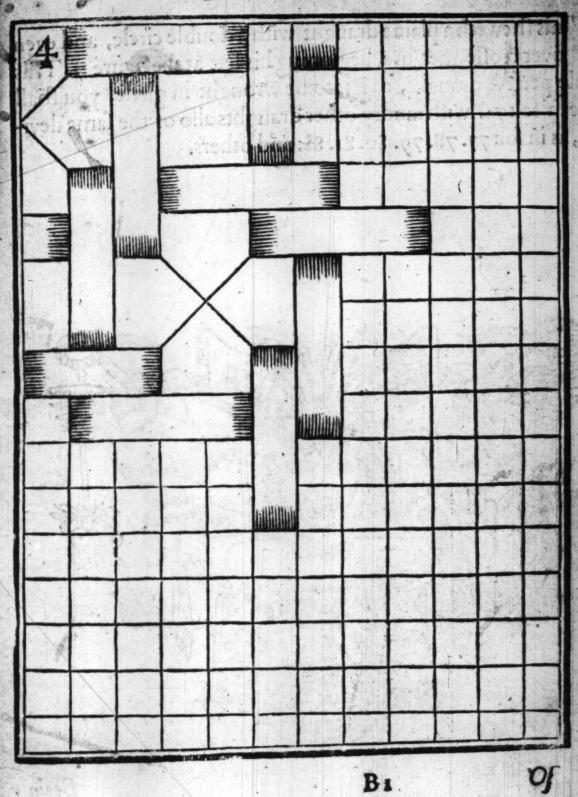
Of

Of even square devision.

There be a number of draughts, wrought by this even directly fquare, which is most pertect of any; to set this worke right, ye must begin your first losing, at the figure 4. and so runne out it any quantity you will, as this devision will shew you: the perfect, and full draught hereof, as it must stand in glasse-worke, you shall finde in sol: 43. with sundry other draughts of the same measure, as in sol: 40. and in other places.



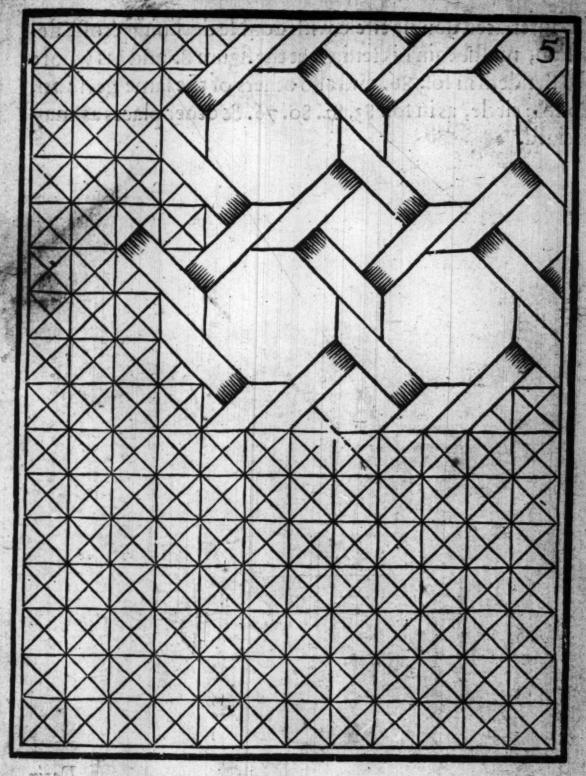
Begin at the figure 4.



Bi.

This sheweth a plaine draught with a double circle, and even over crosse measure, beginning his sett at the sigure 7. This whole perfect draught, as it is to be wrought in glasse, you shall finde in fol: 72. with sundry other draughts also of the same devision, as in fol: 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82: and others.



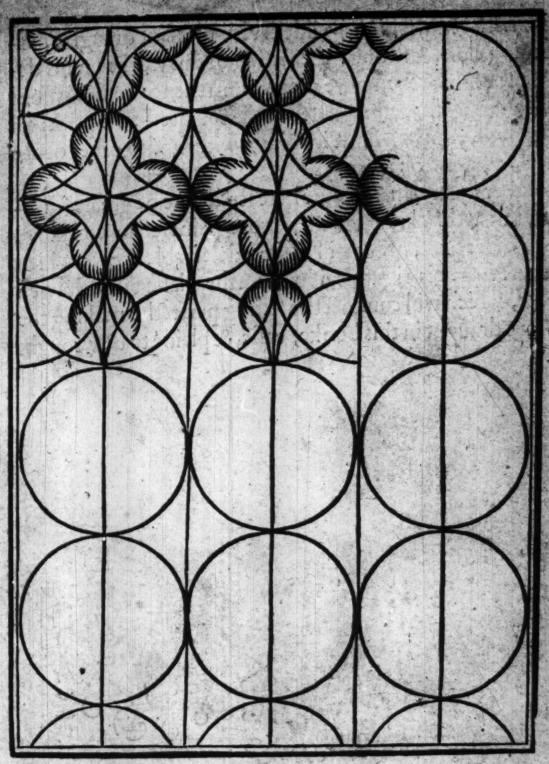


Of a declining croffe draught.

This Interlaced double circle, with double declining croffe devision, must begin his setting, at the figure 8. and his whole draught standeth in tol: 86. and also others of the same devision, with double circle, as in sol: 83. 82. 80. 76. & other places as may be perceived.



Begin



B3.

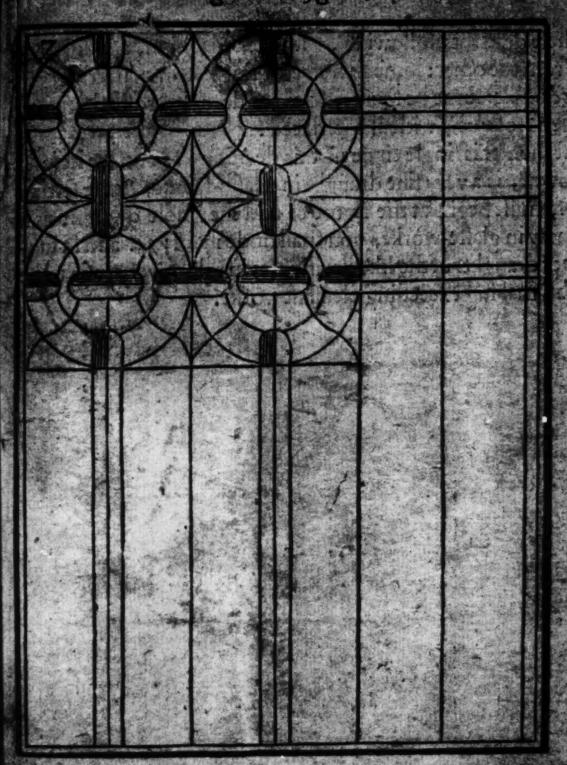
Of interlaced devision.

This interlaced devision, yeildeth very pleasant draughts, exceeding close, & strong: the setting of this worke on his devision, must begin at the sigure 5. and from thence to sollow out to the sull quantity that your glasse-worke requireth: the principal draught hereof, you shall finde in sol: 47. with sundry other of the same measure, as in sol: 12.27.32.

Some other square draughts are here set downe of greater difficulty, but as they are somewhat more painefull in working, so are they more pleasant, & will make a delectable show: which workes must have his right devision, on the glasse table drawen with blacke, which will conduct the setting perfectly, making the most curious draught in this booke, easie, & plaine to be wrought in glasse.



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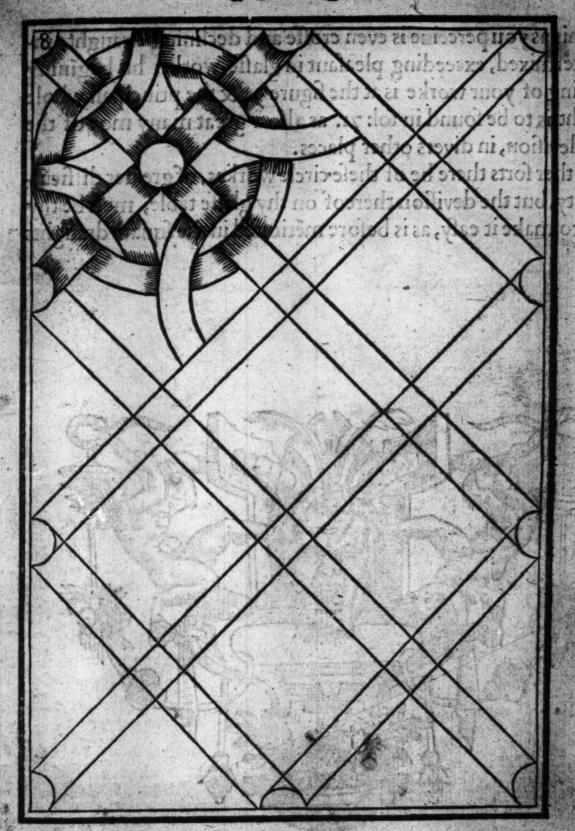
Of the Property or draughts .

These draughts following, with their devision, are differing from the other: some there be of single compasse draught, others double: some be square, & copas decling crosse draughts, and even crosse and withall interlaced.

I infi then this single circle of this devision, as you see here set downe, is a very fine draught in glasse-worke, & the setting thereof, must begin at the figure 6. and the whole draught as it must show in glasse-worke, you shall finde in sol: 74. and in sundry other draughts of the like devision, as in sol: 87. very easie to be wrought, making exceeding pleasant worke.



Begin webe figure 8.



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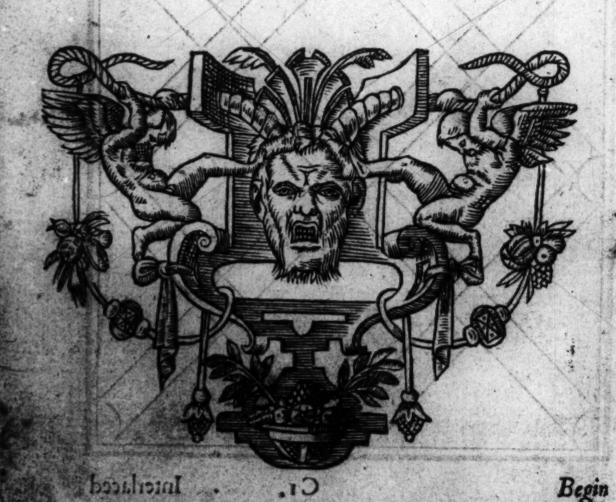
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Interlaced

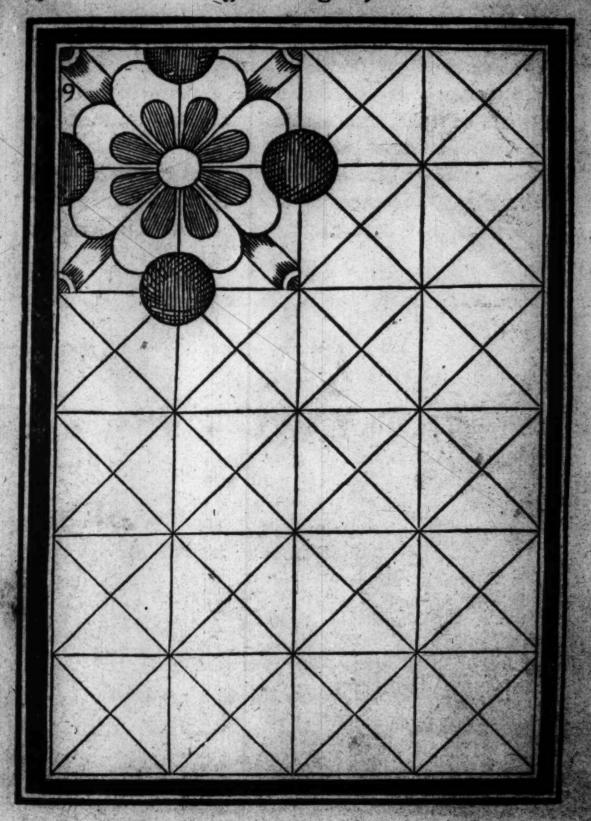
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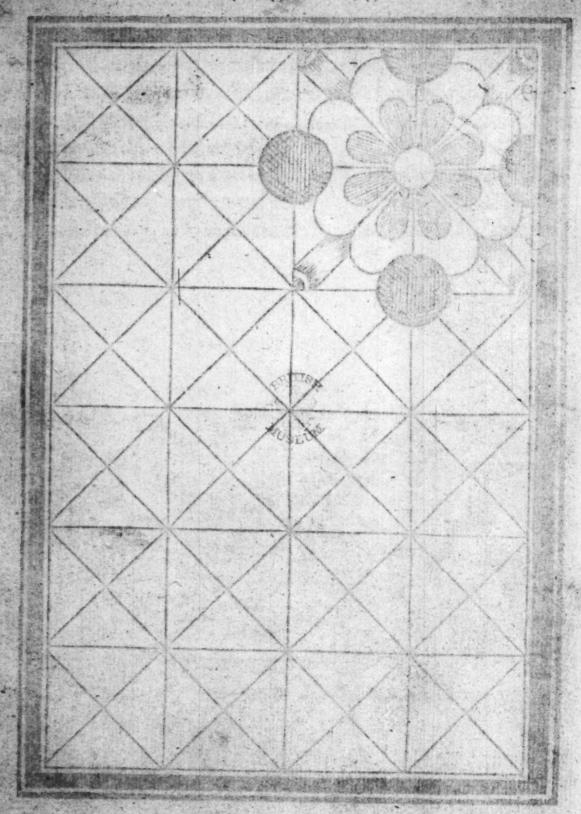
This as you perceive is even croffe and declining draught, intermixed, exceeding pleafant in glaffe-worke: his begining of fetting of your worke is at the figure 9. & the principall whole draught is to be found in fol: 71. as also a great many moe of the fame devision, in divers other places.

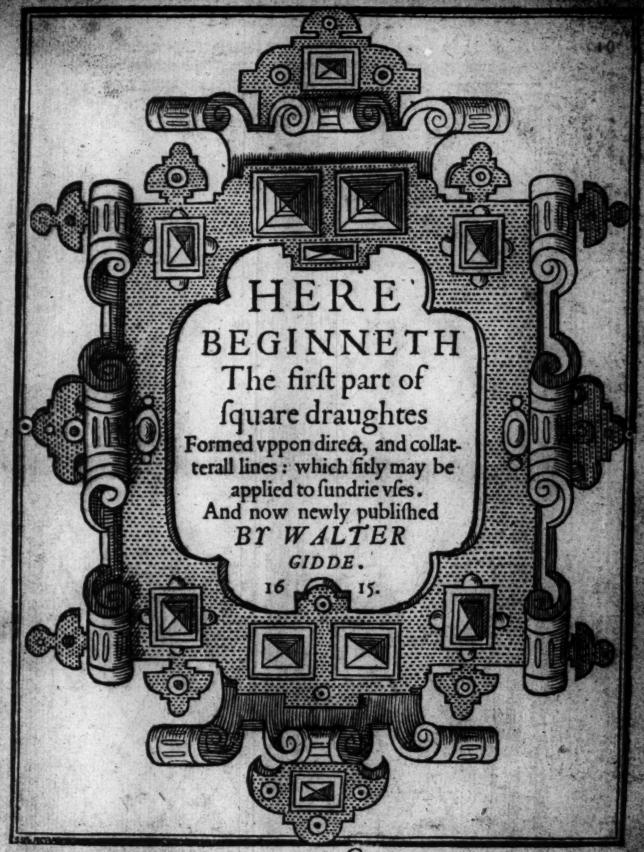
O ther forts there be of these circle workes, of greater difficulty, but the devision thereof on thy glasse table, must be thy helpe to make it easy, as is before metioned in the square draughts



Begin at the figure 9.

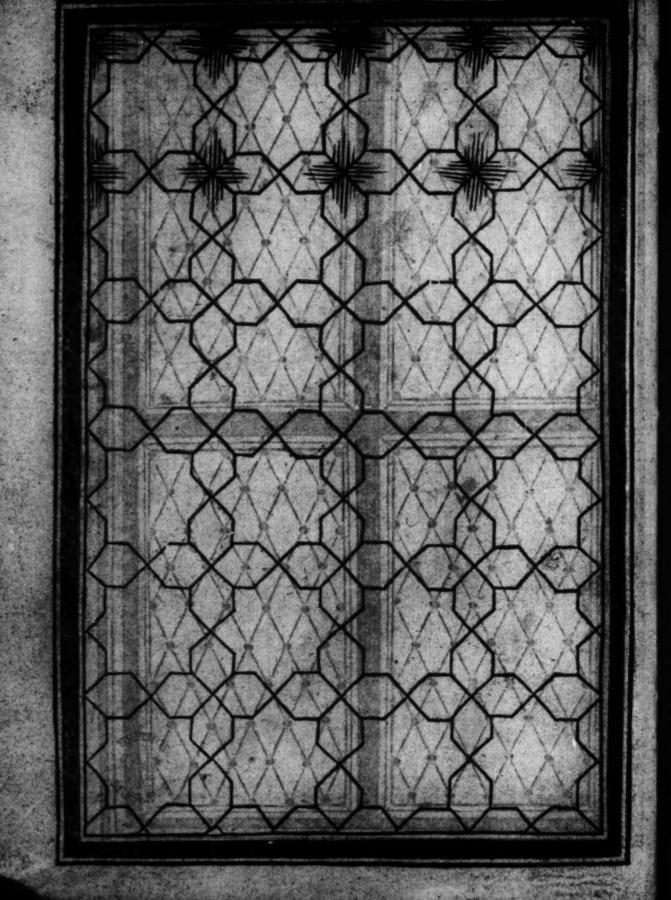


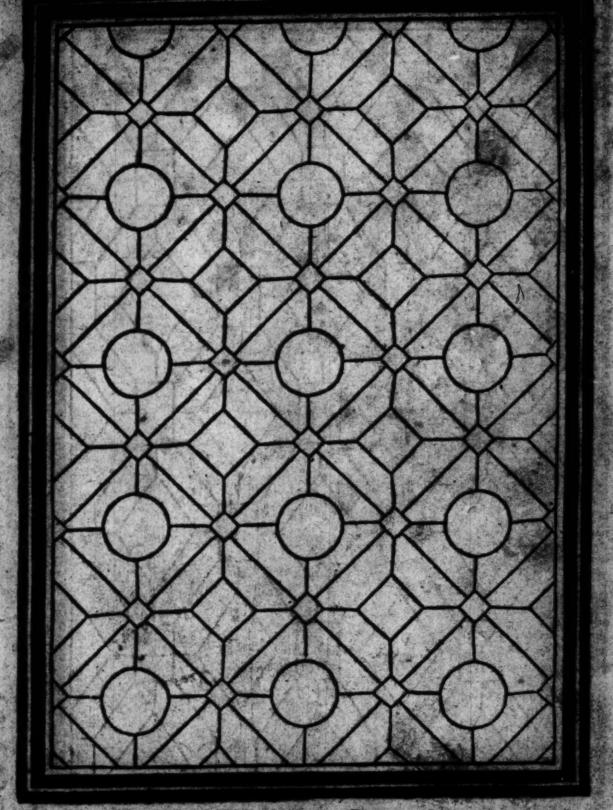






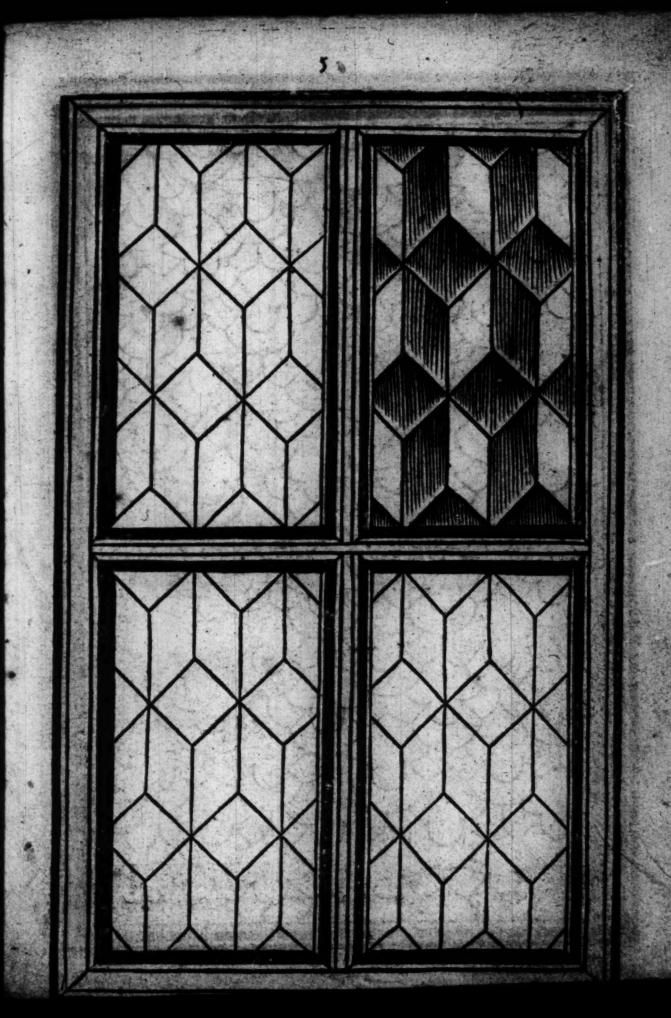


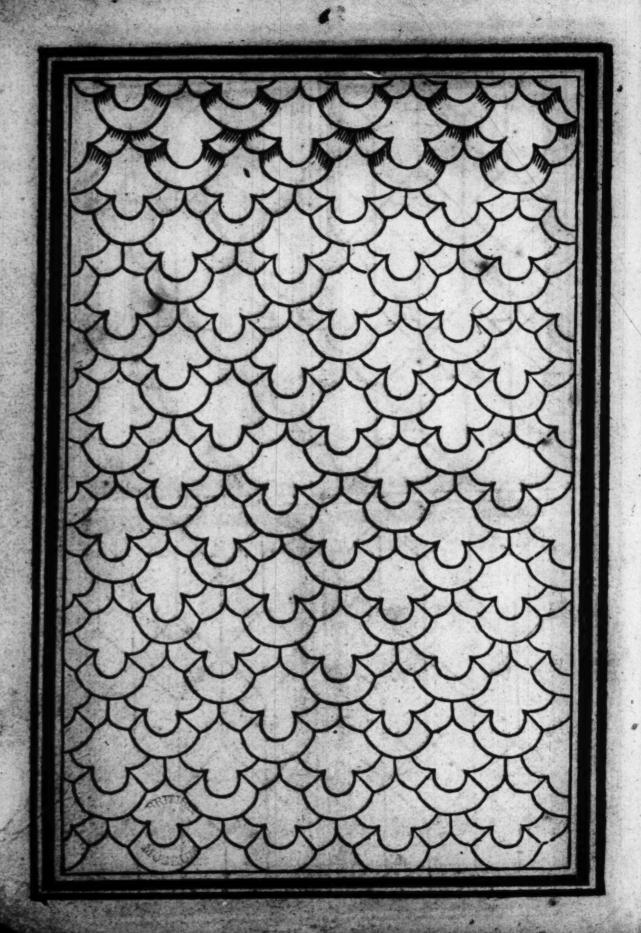




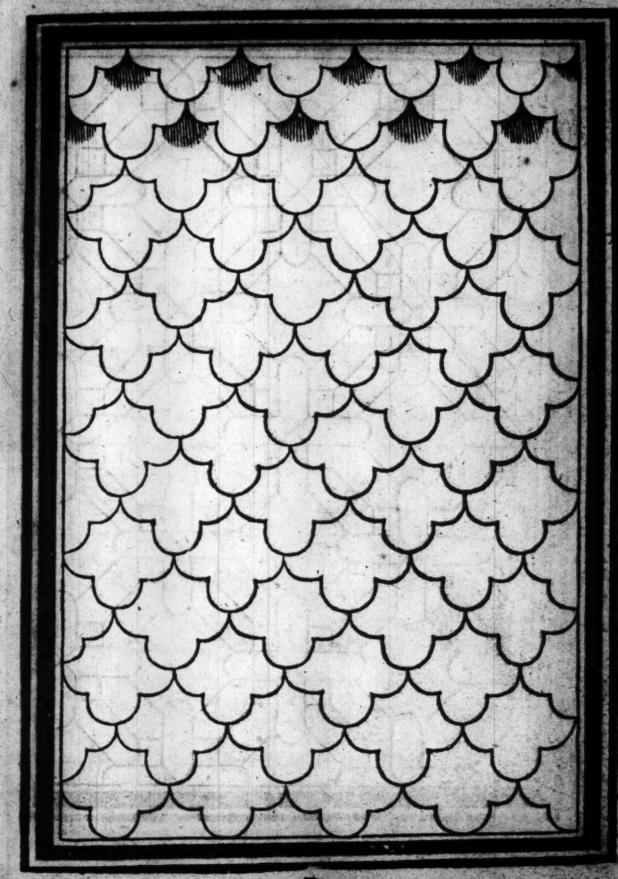
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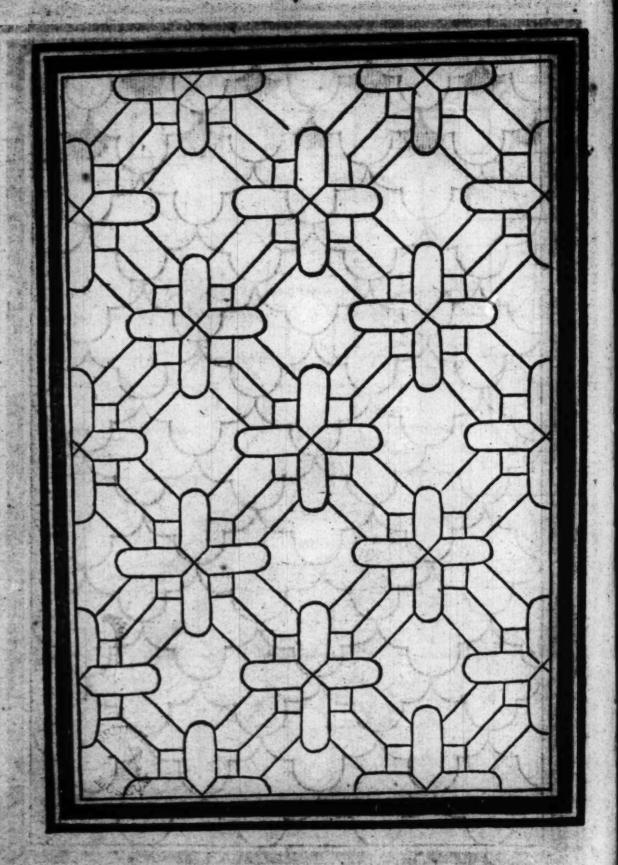




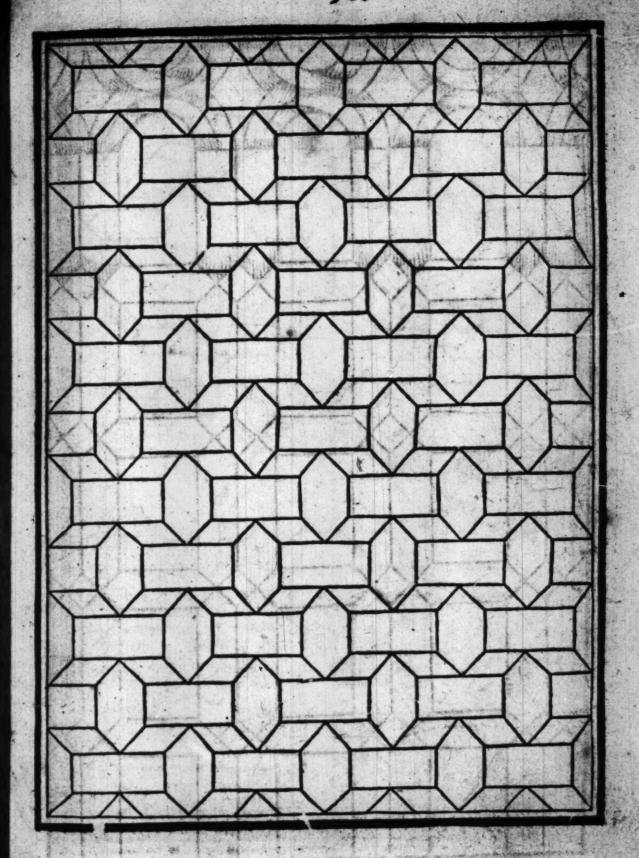


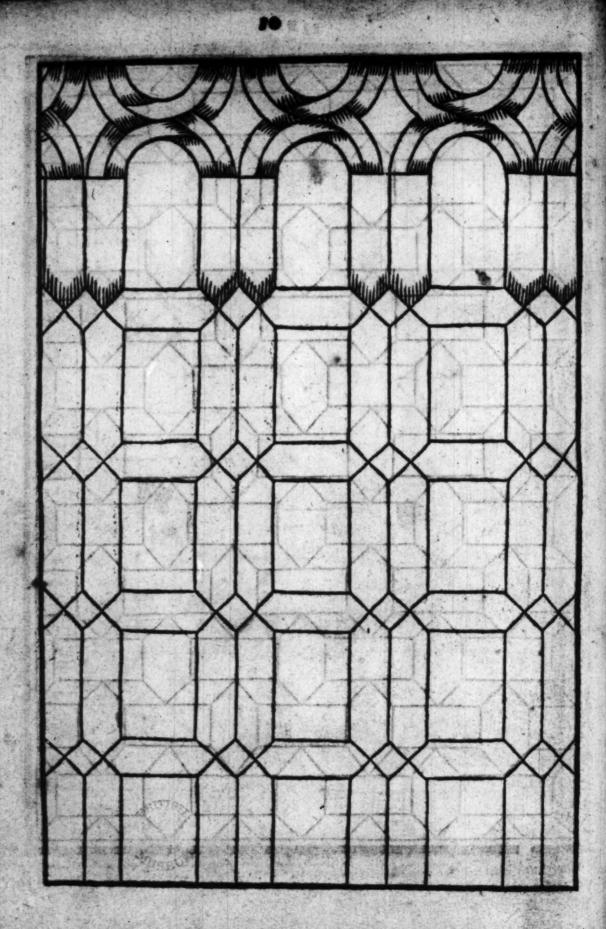


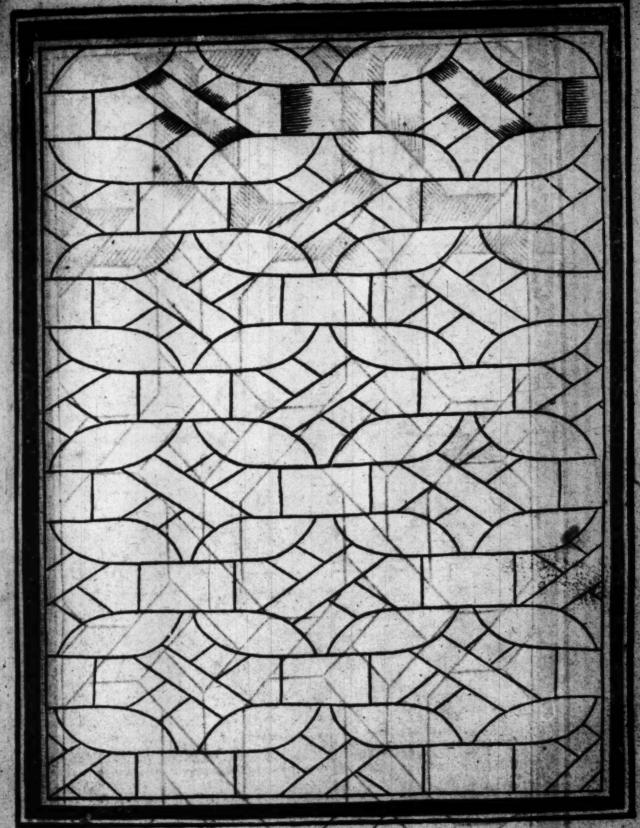




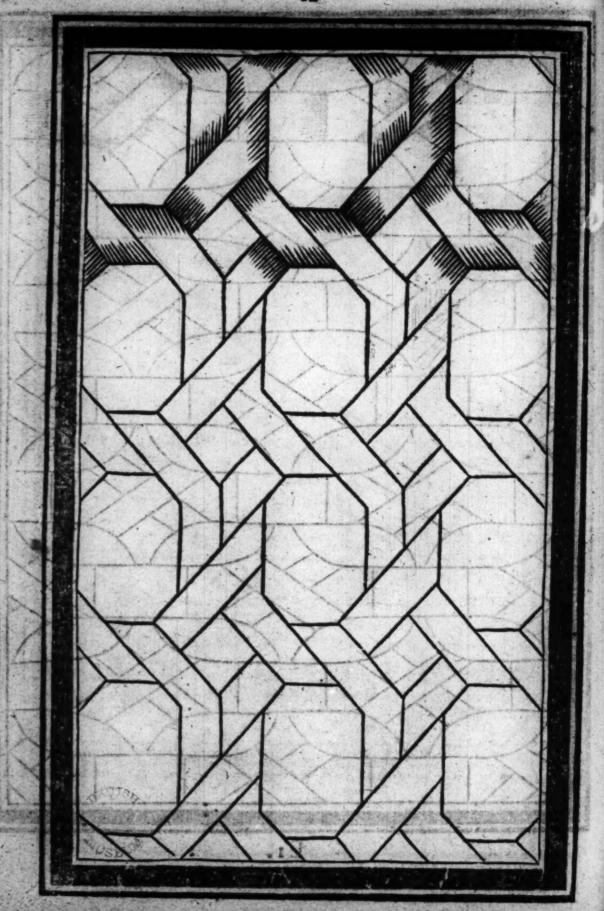
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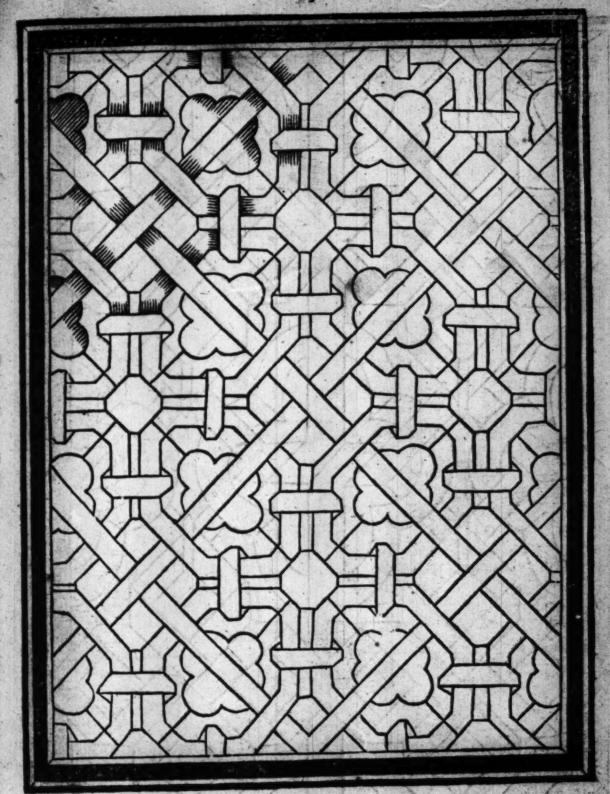


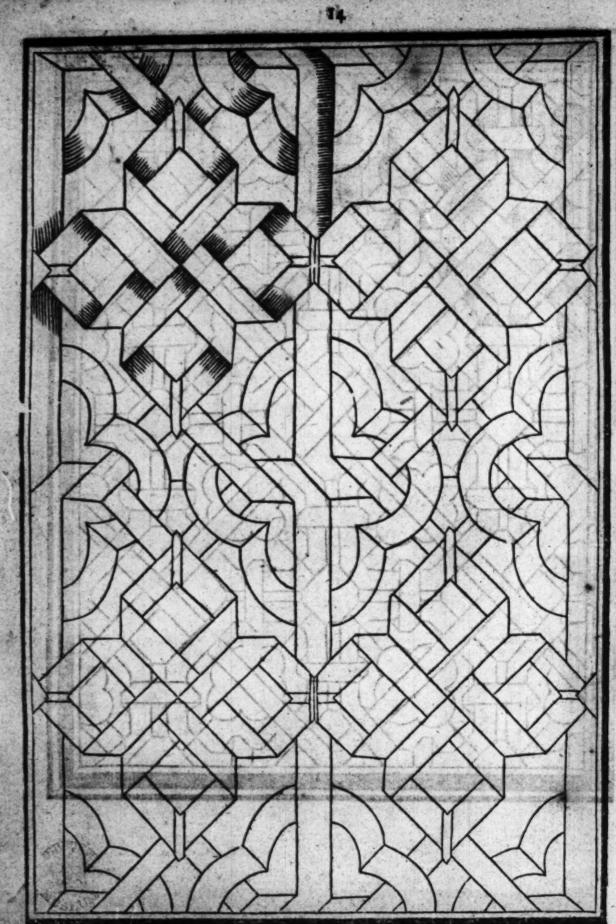


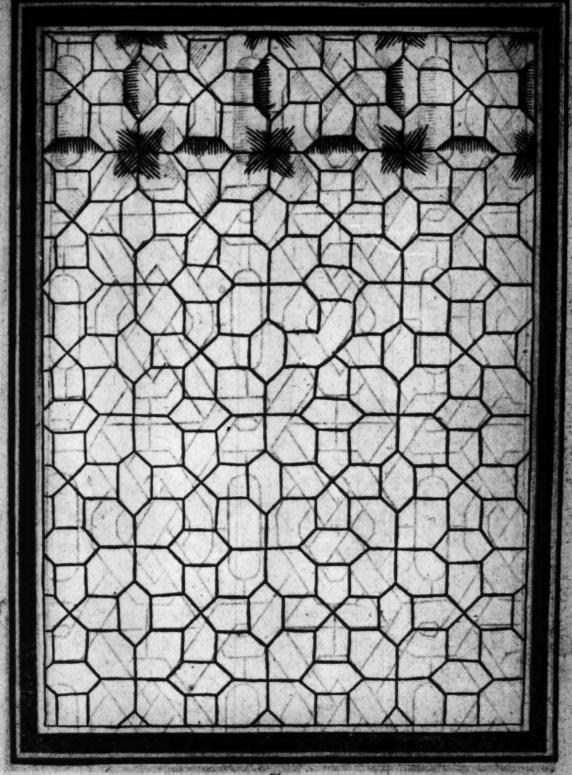


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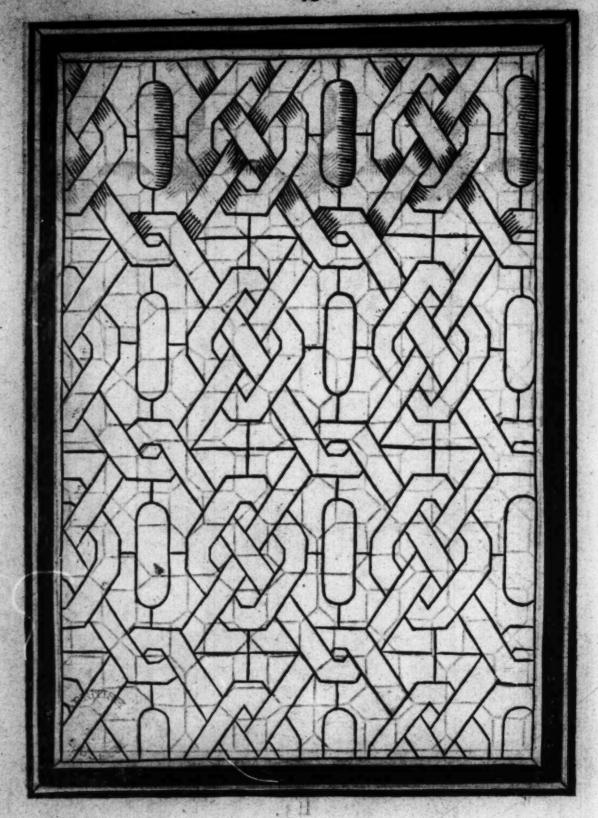


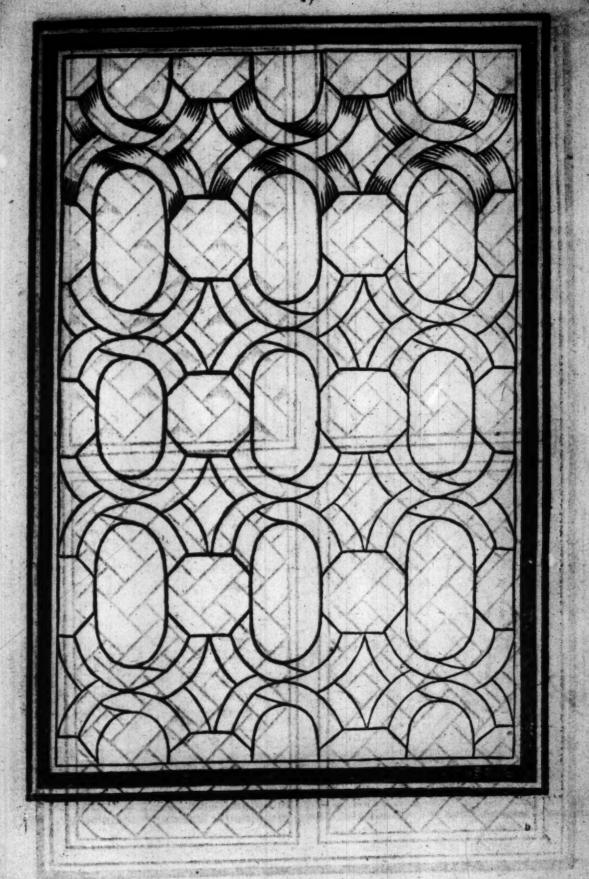


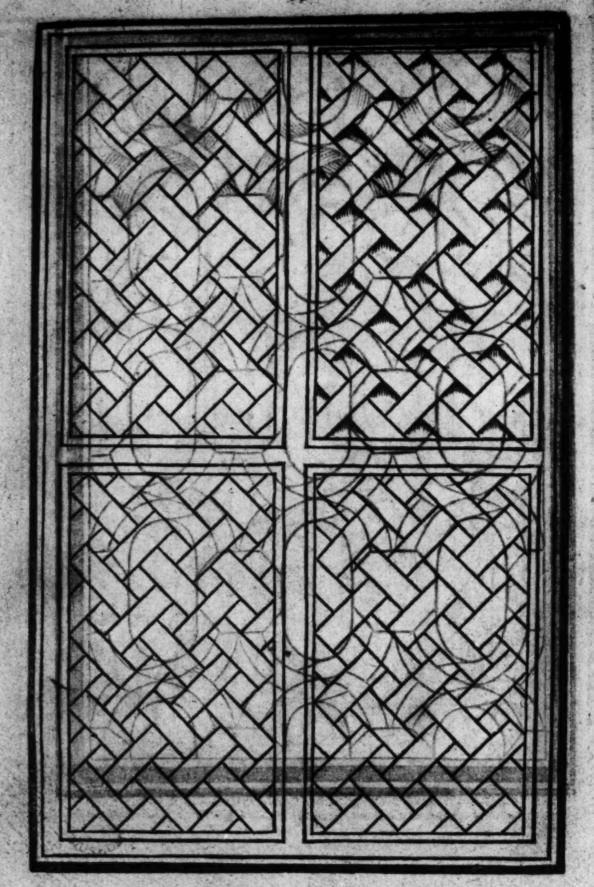




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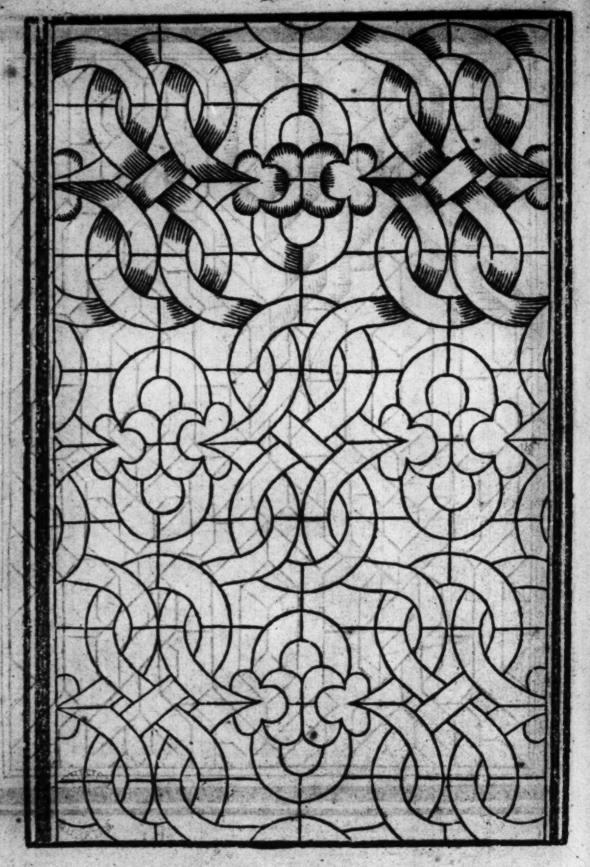


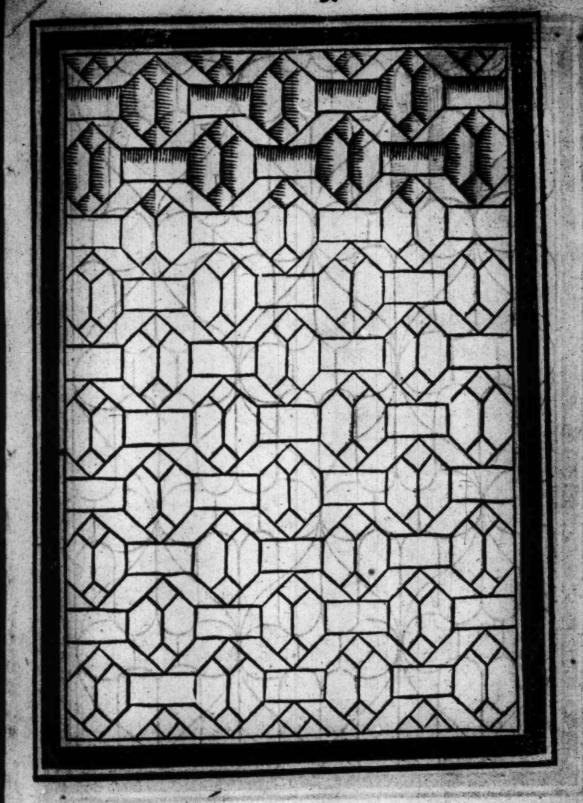


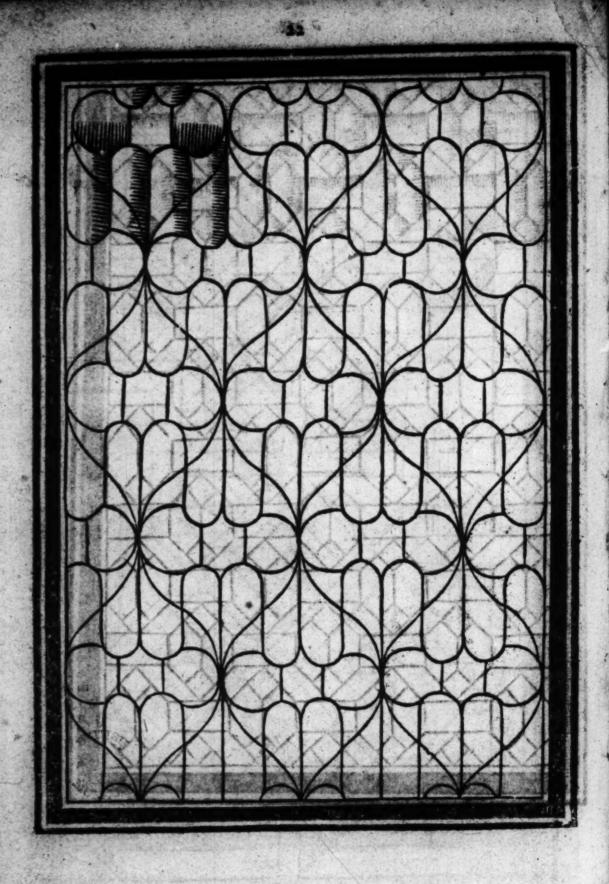


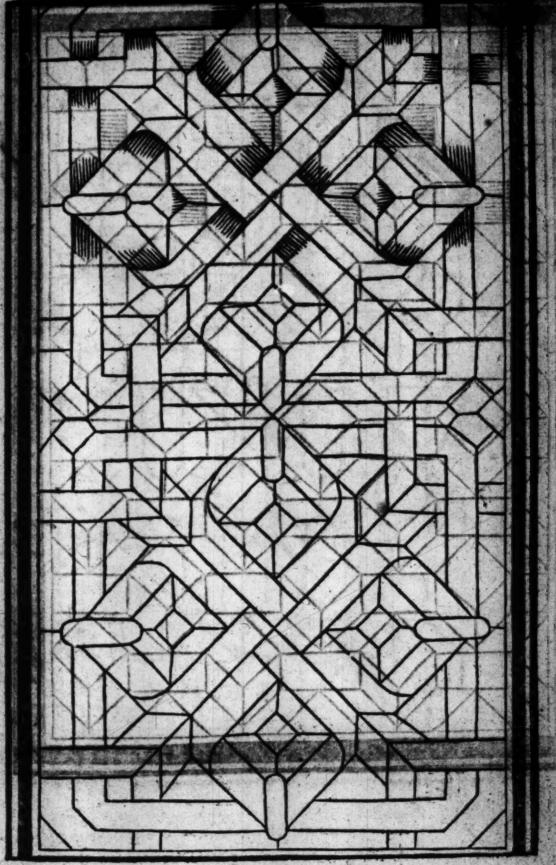


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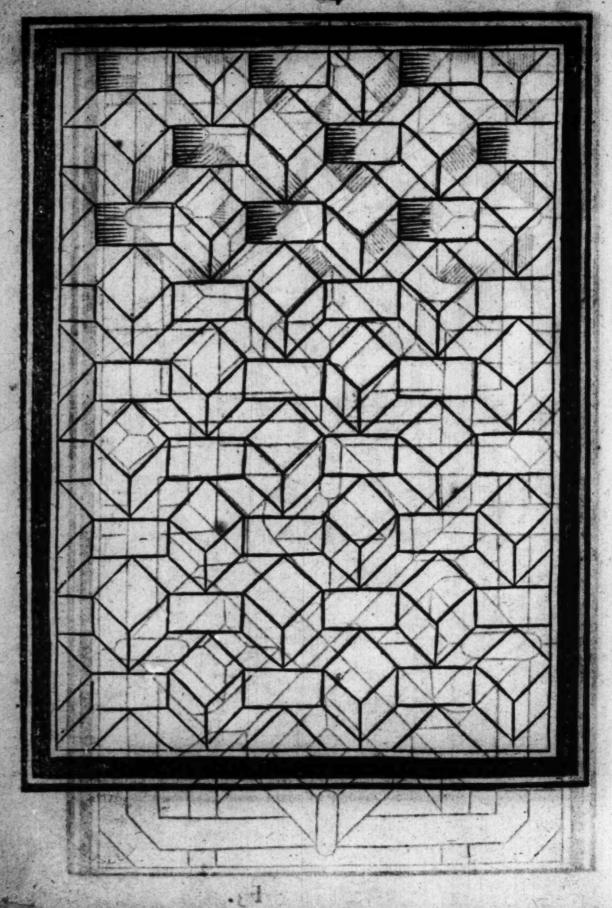


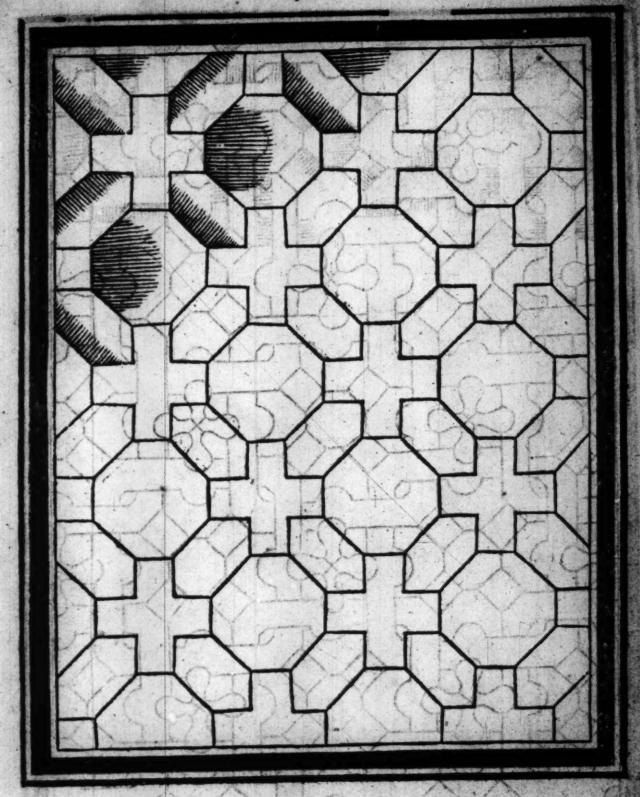


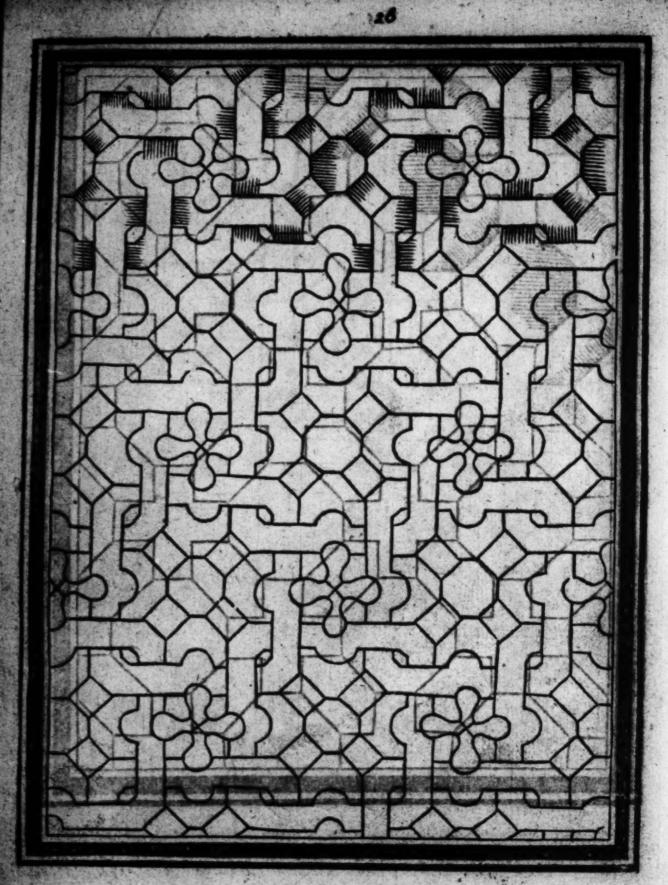


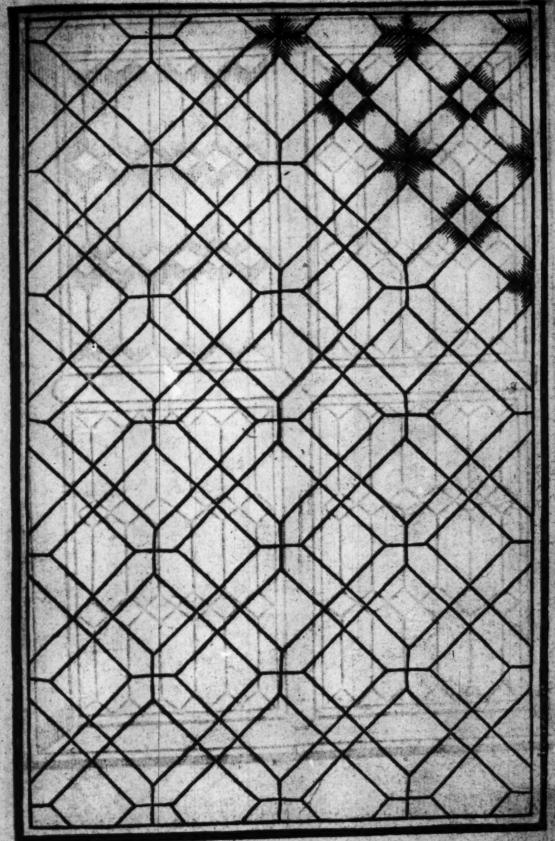


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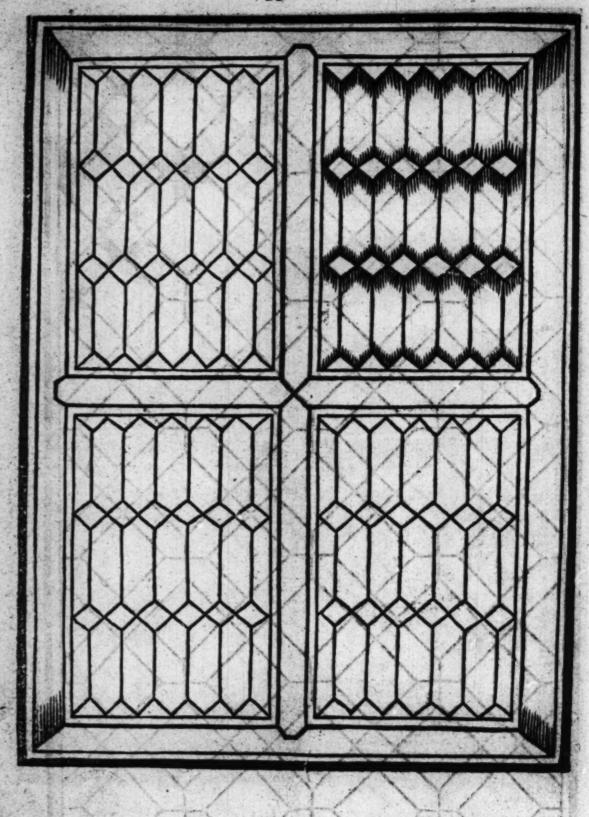


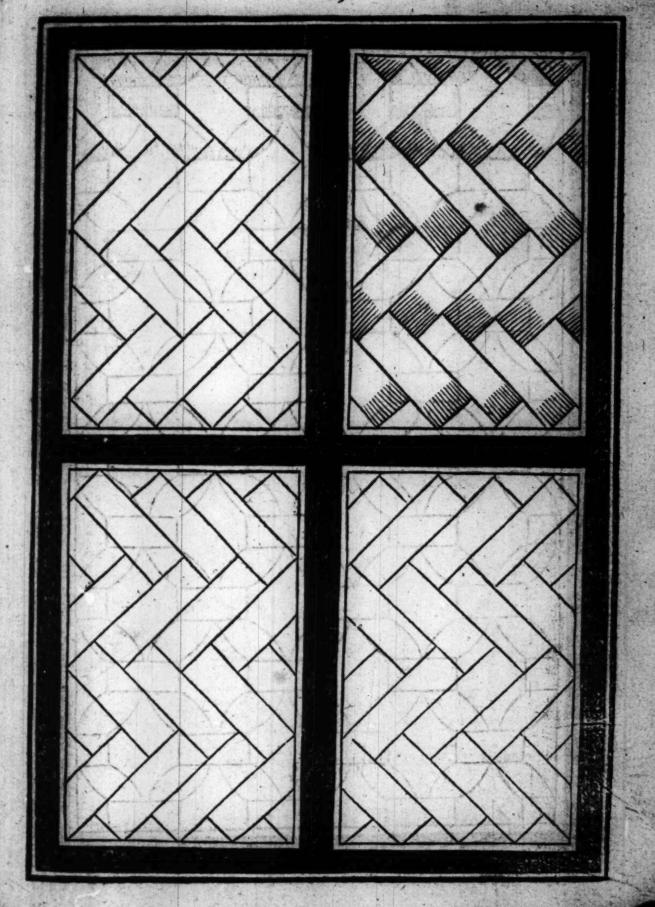


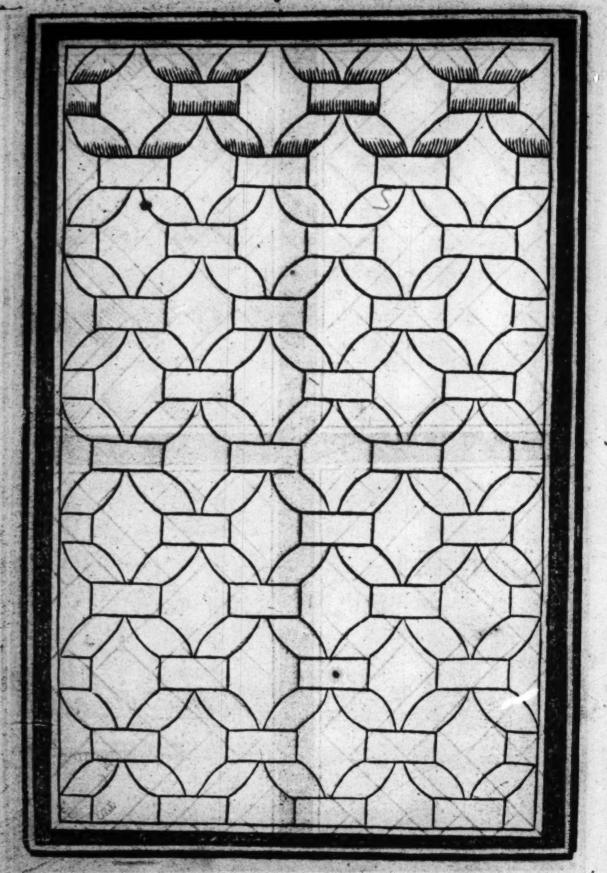


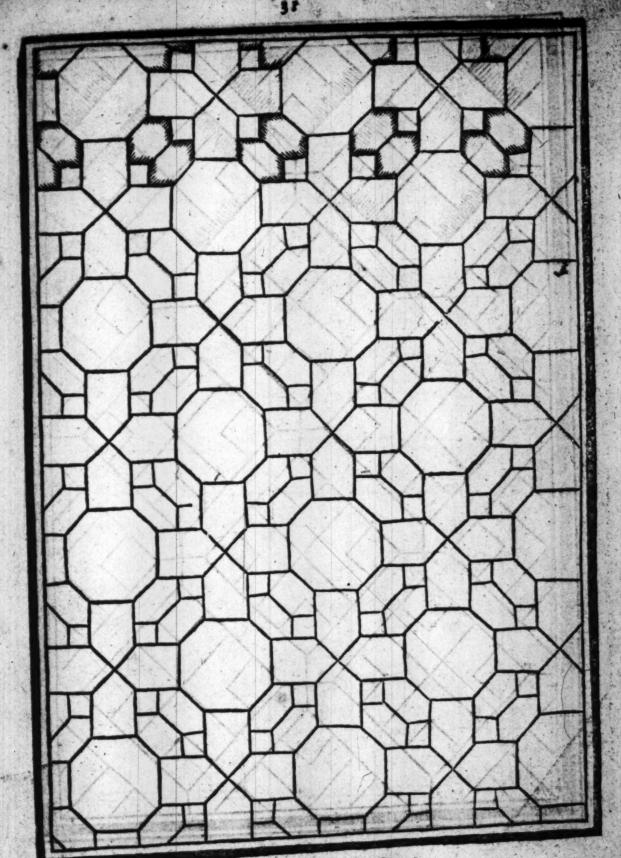


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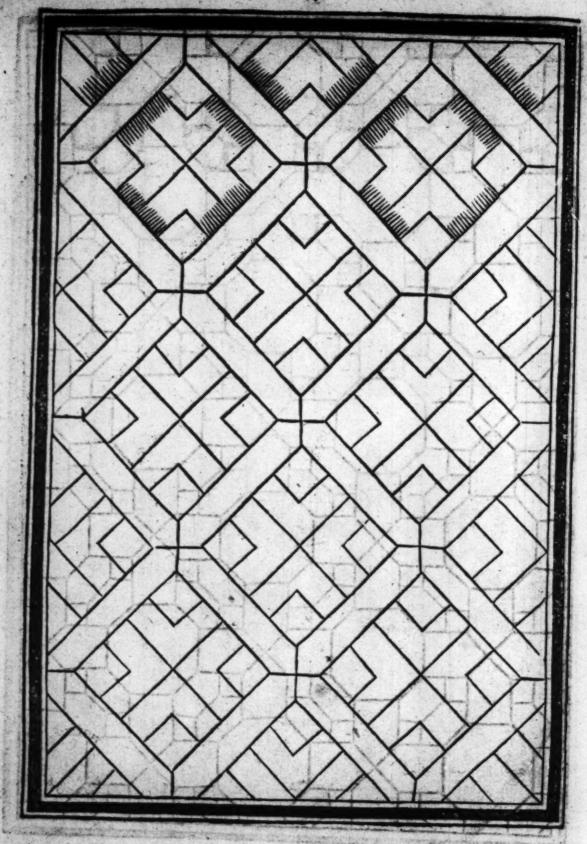


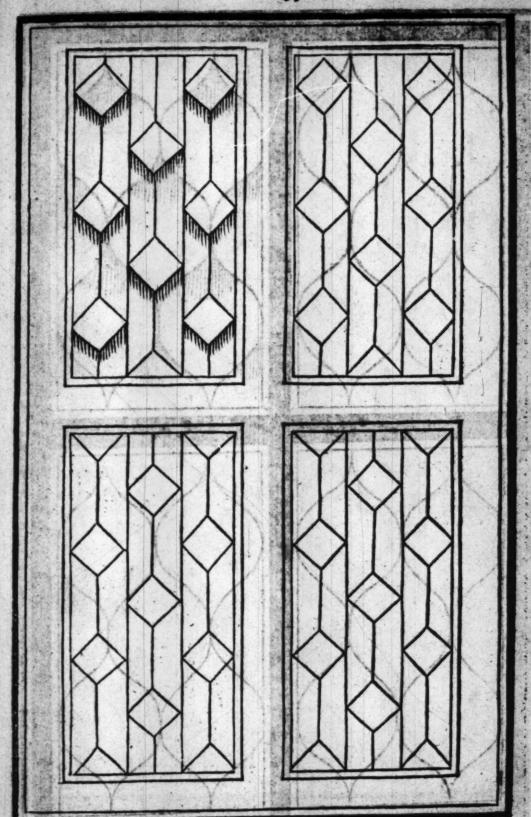


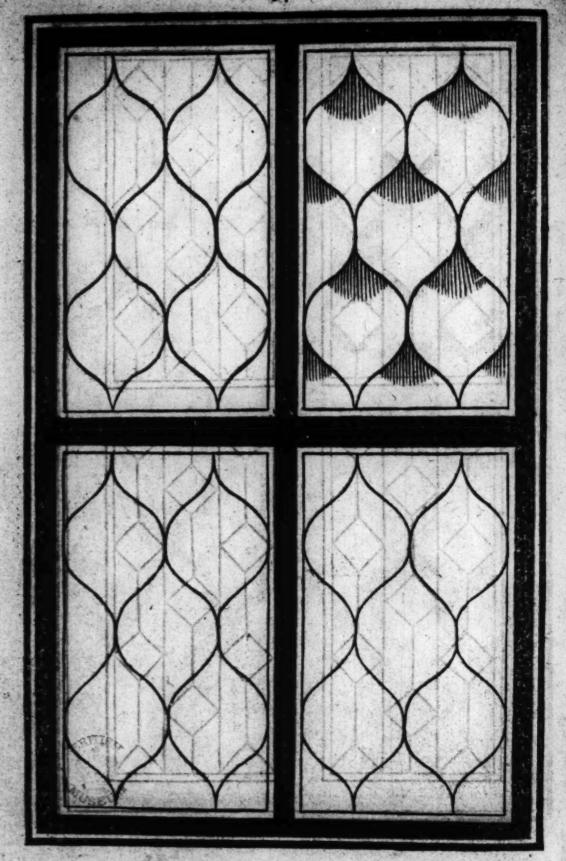


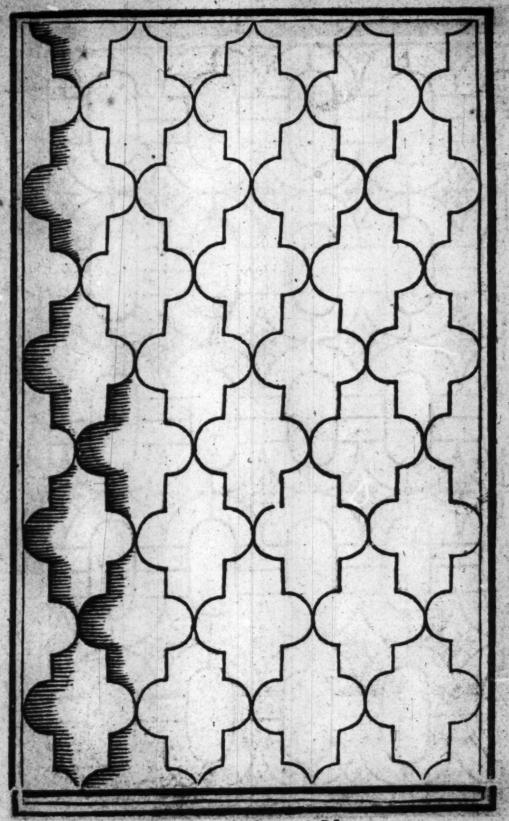


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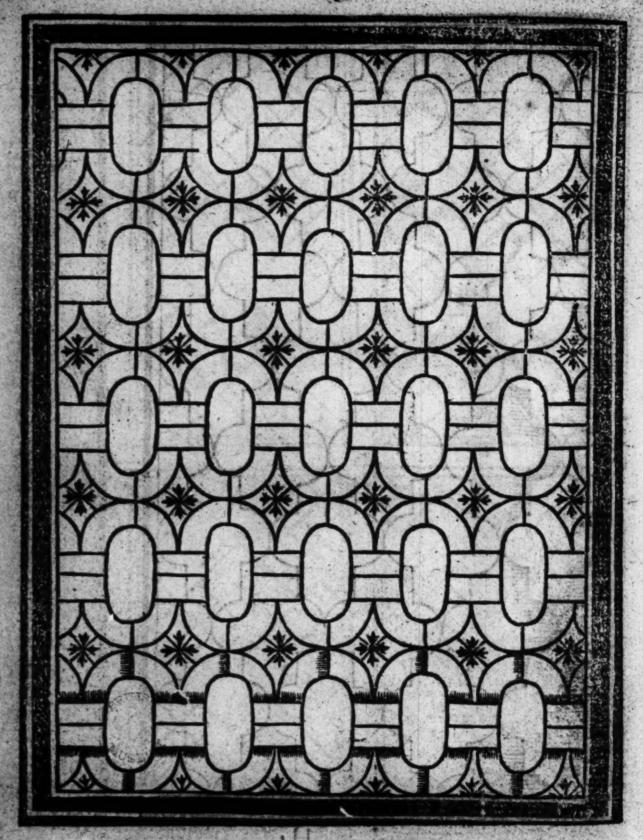


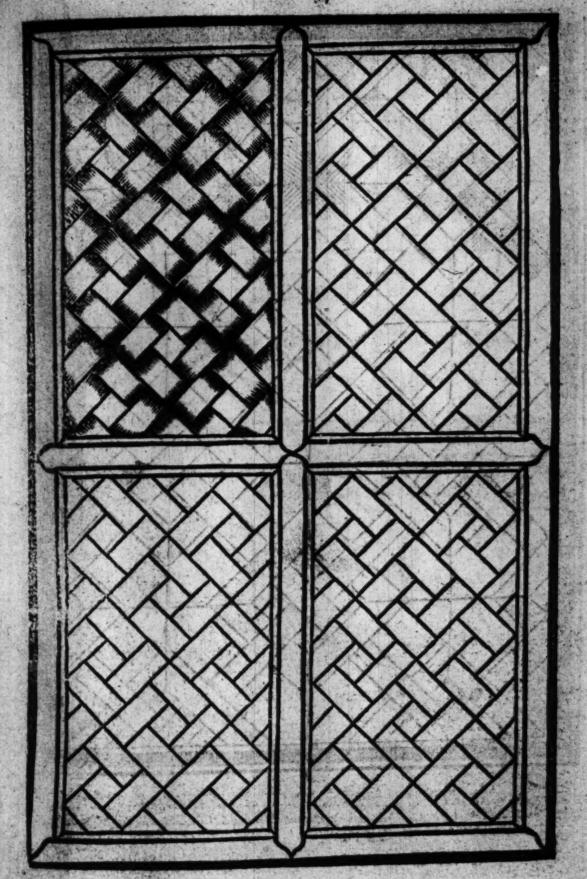


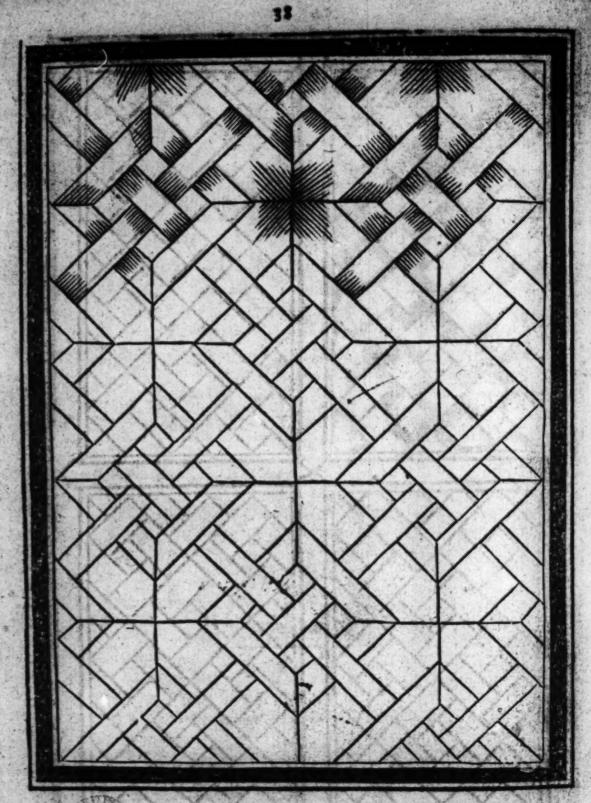


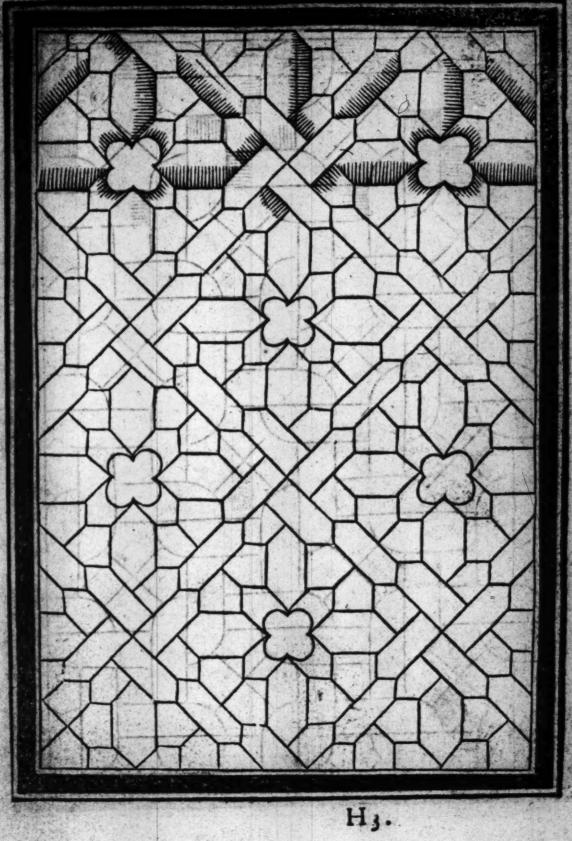


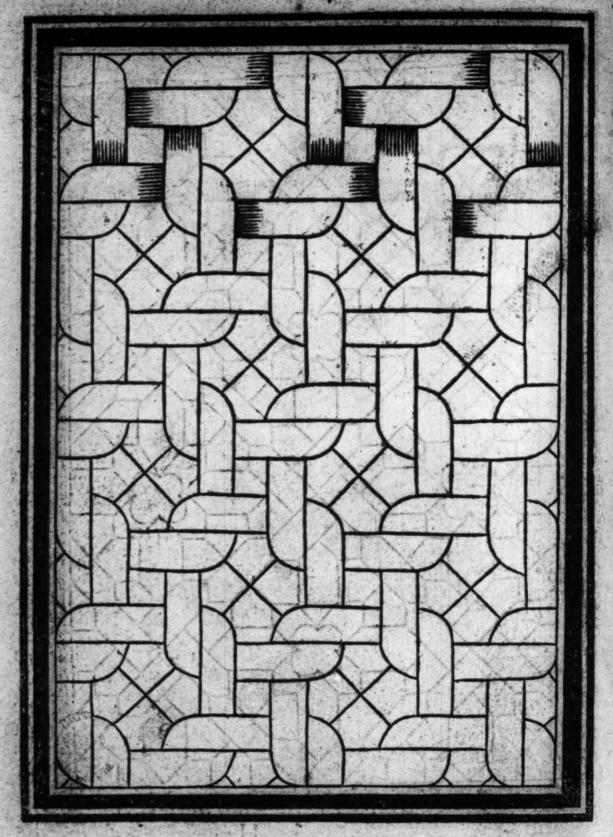
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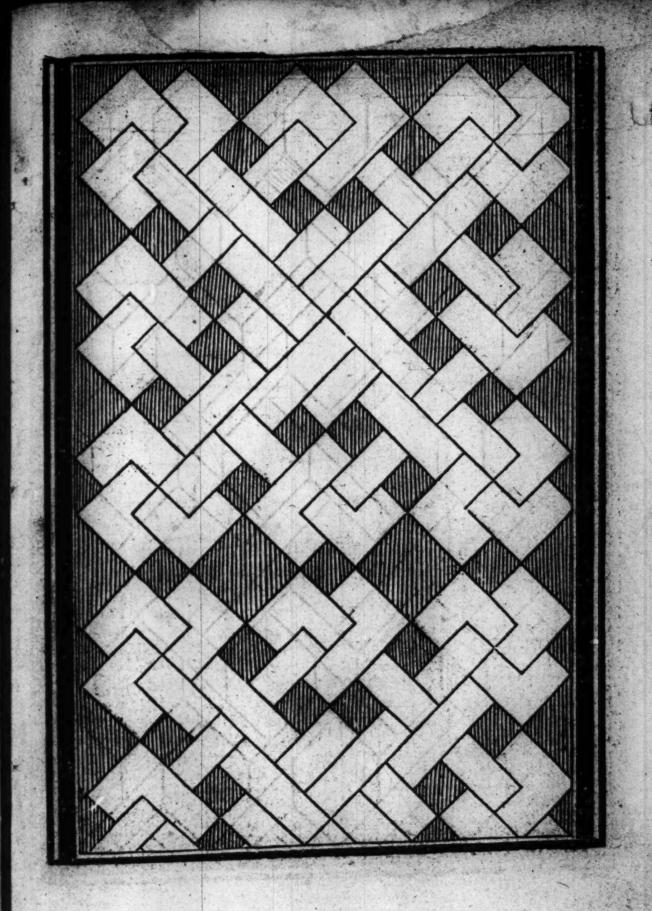


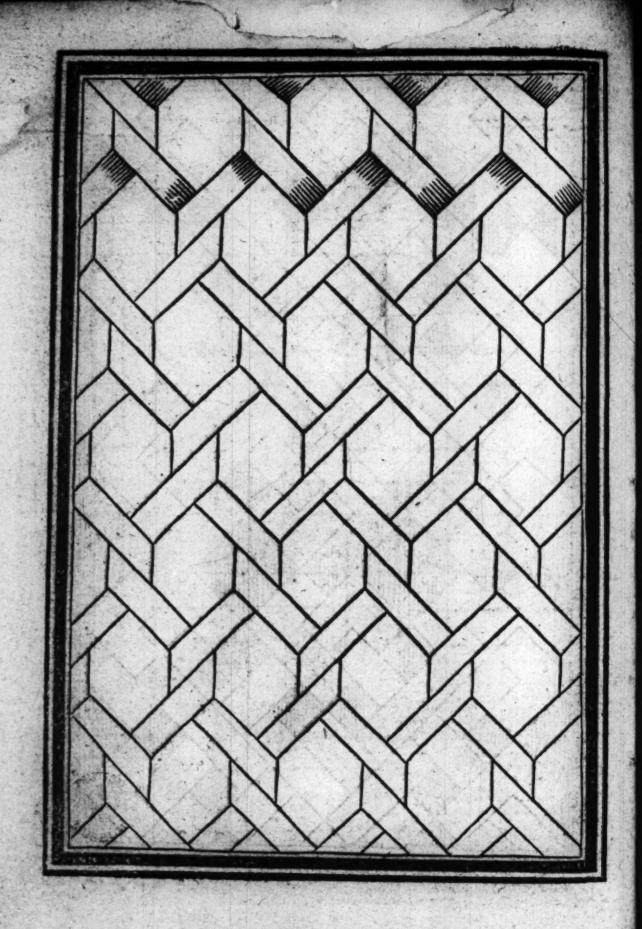


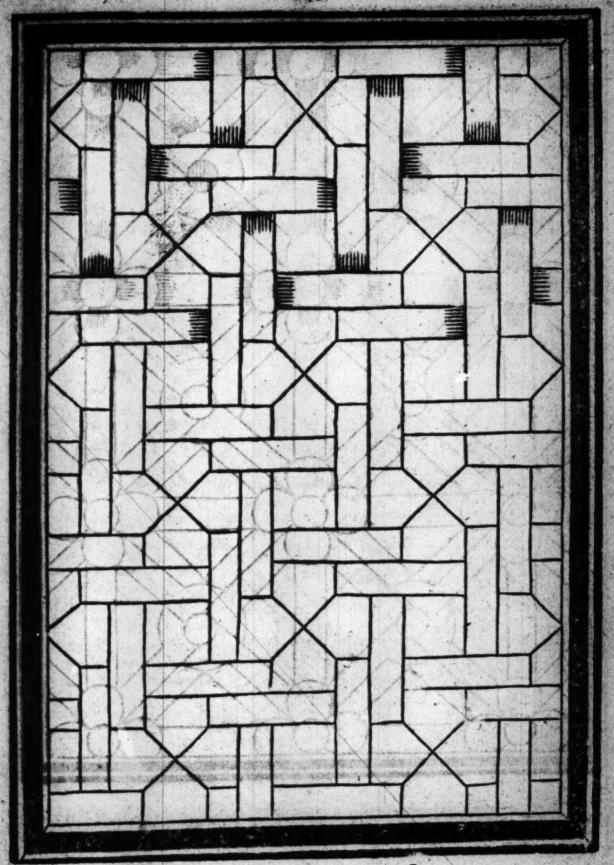


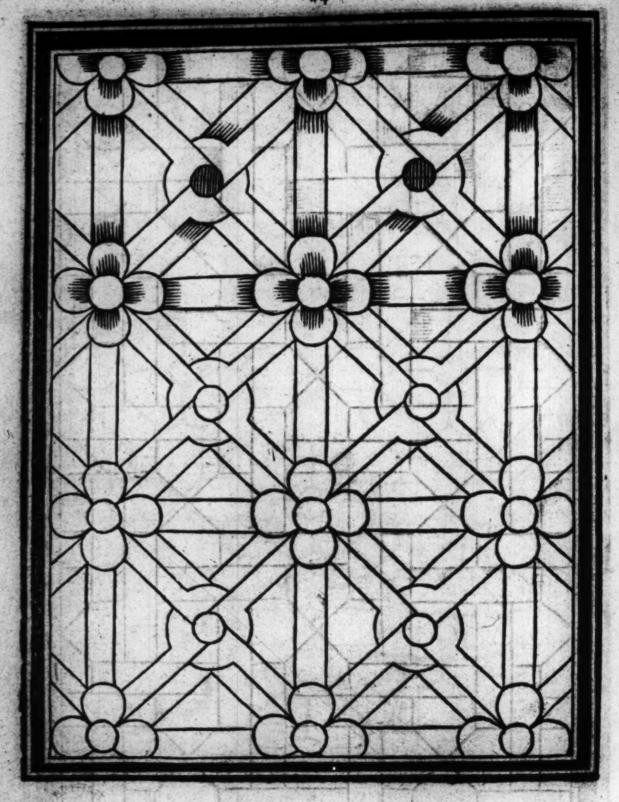




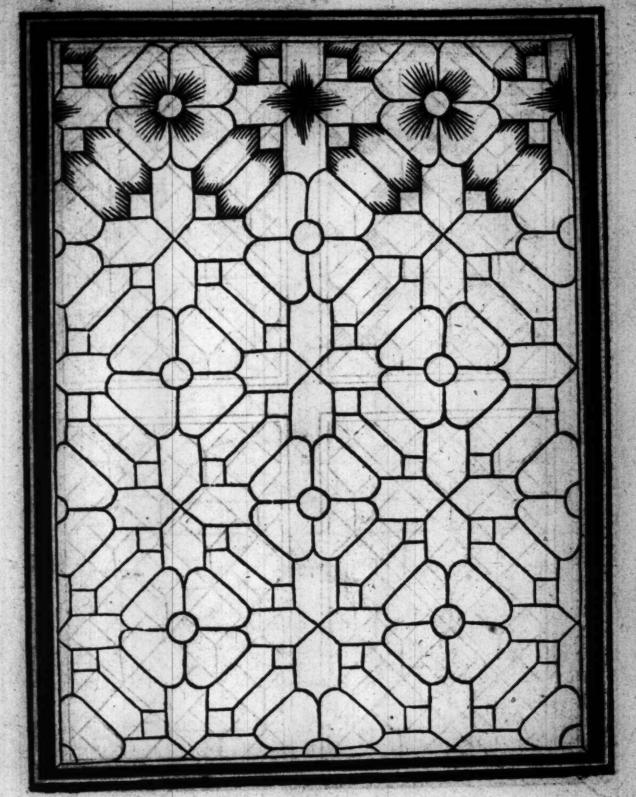


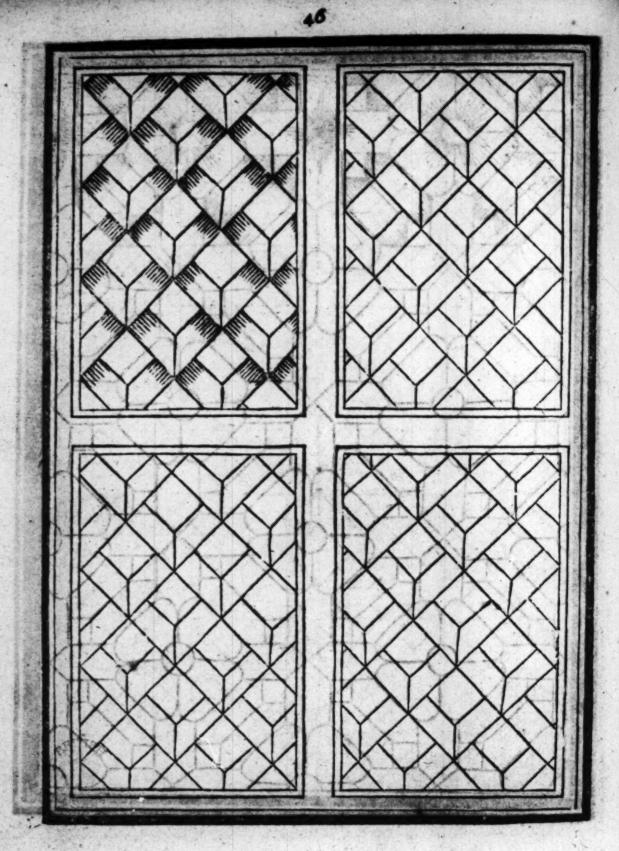


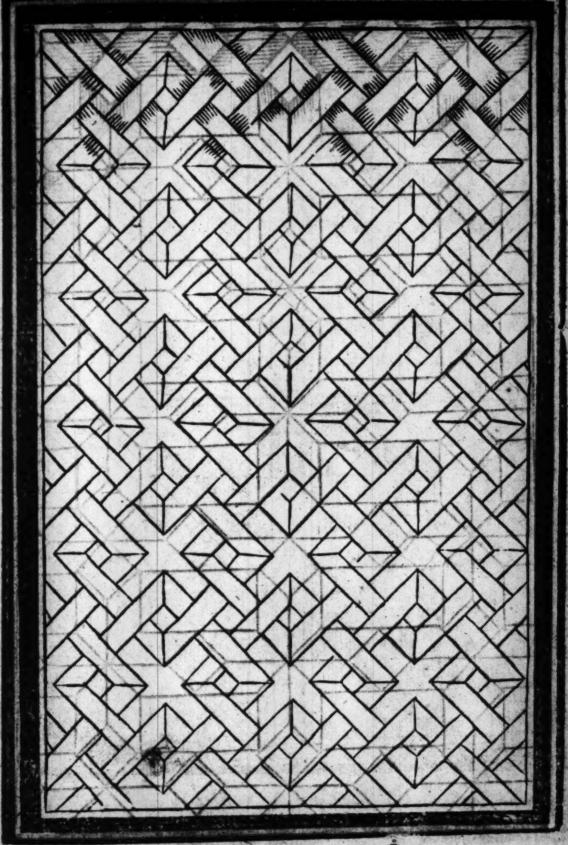




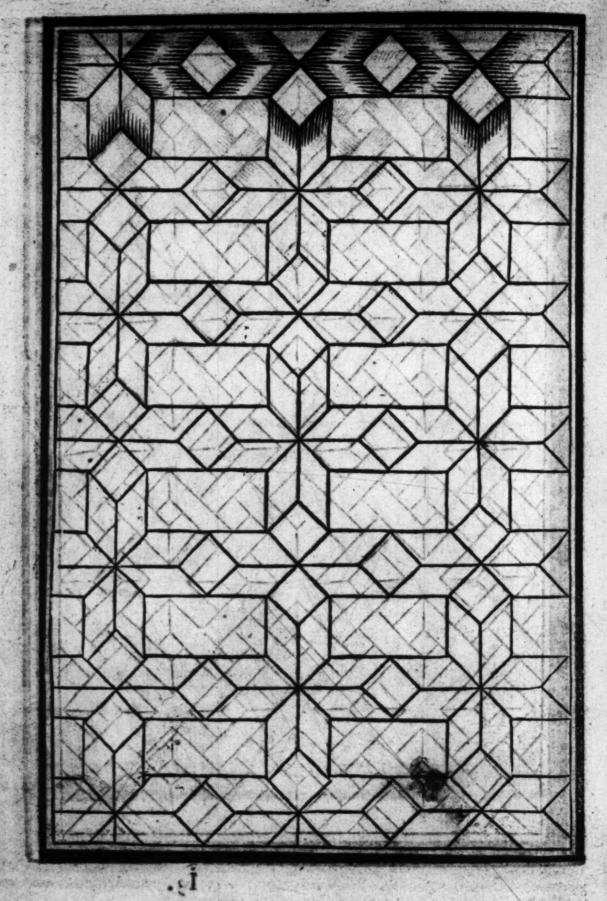


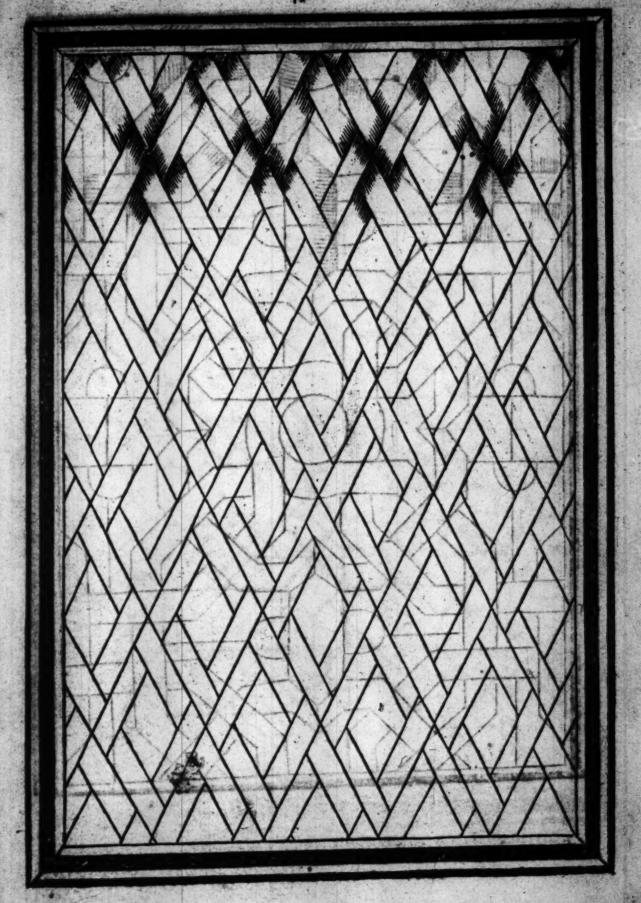


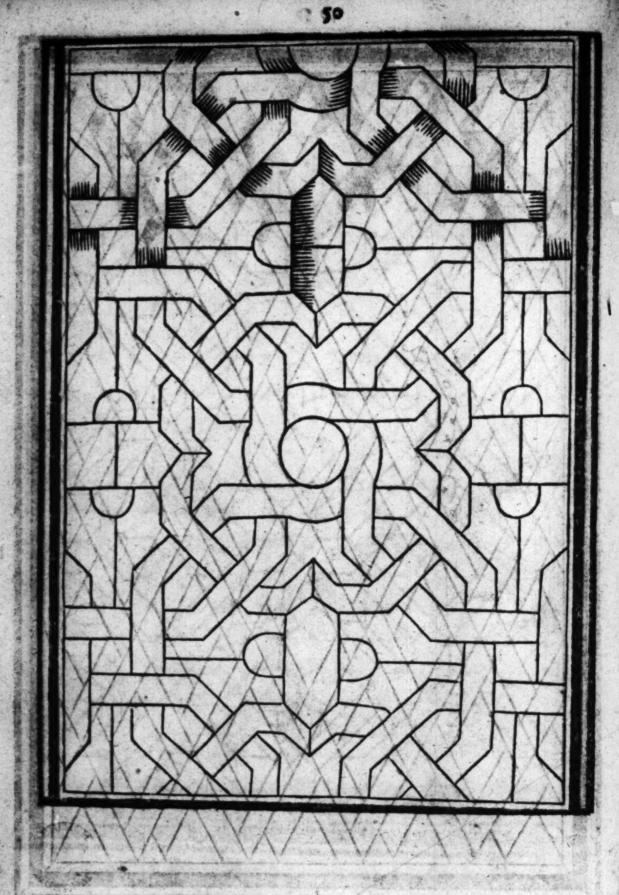


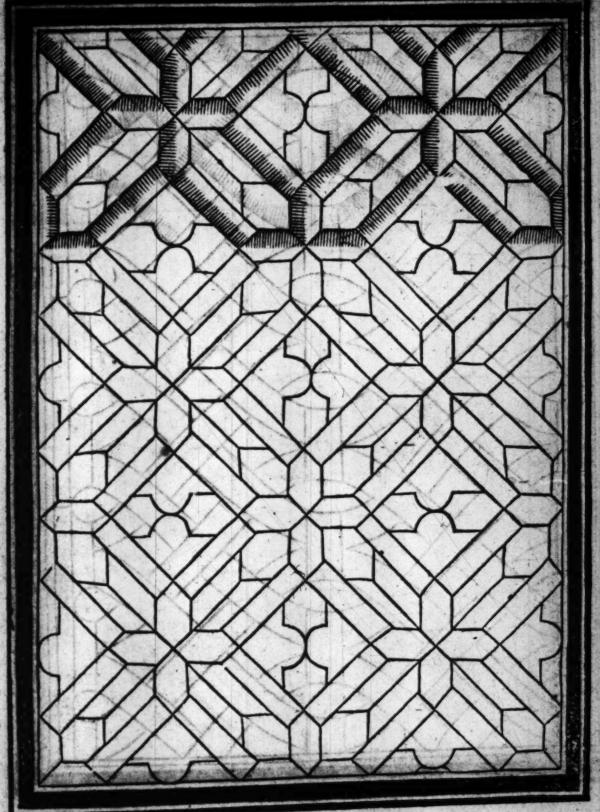


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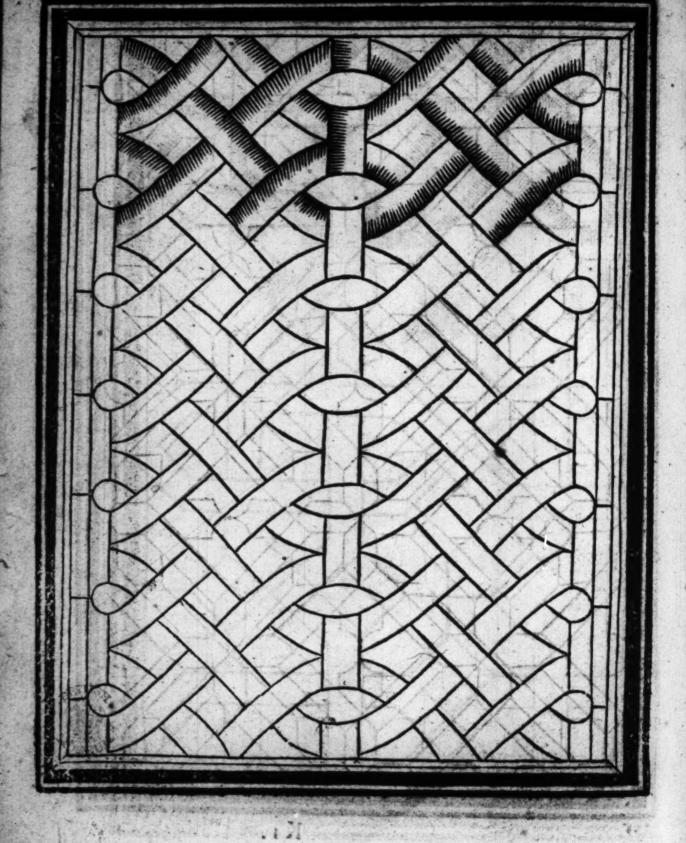


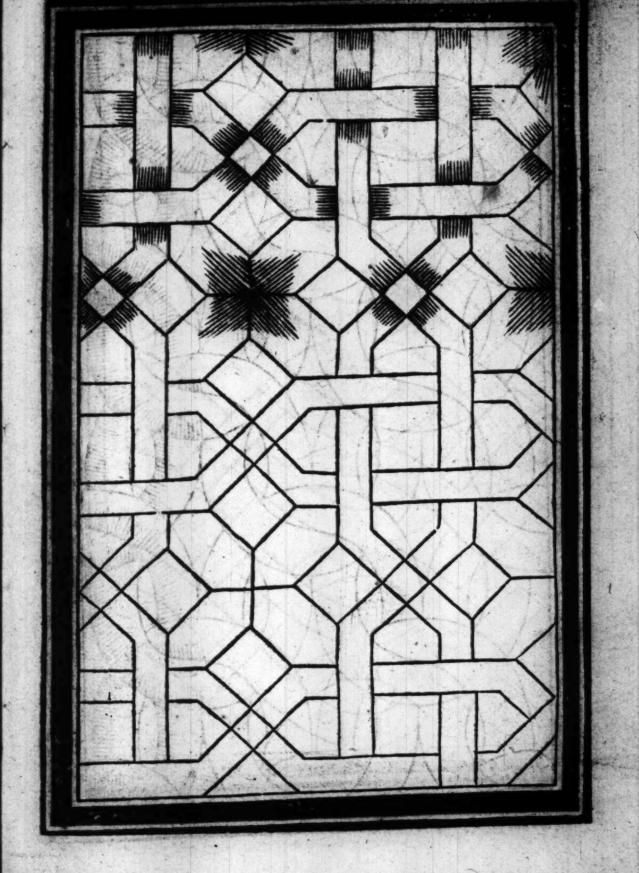


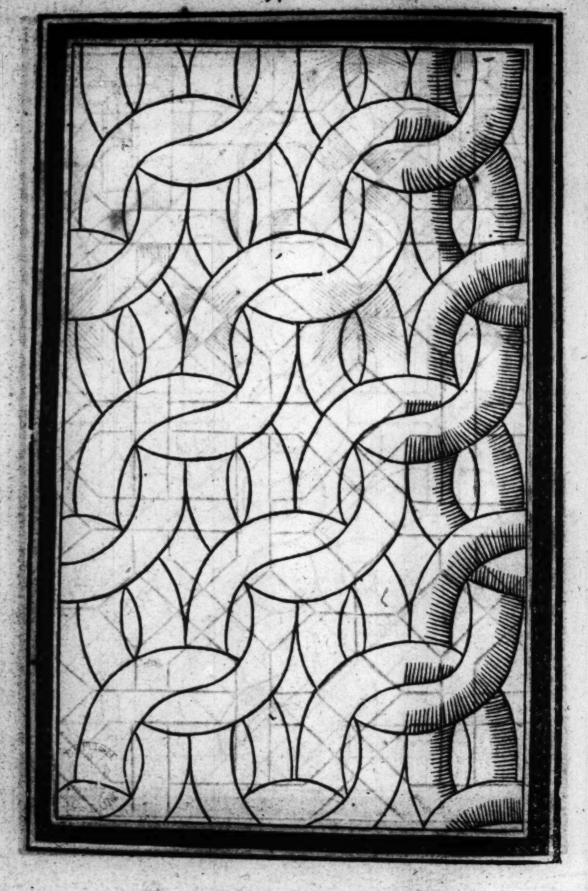




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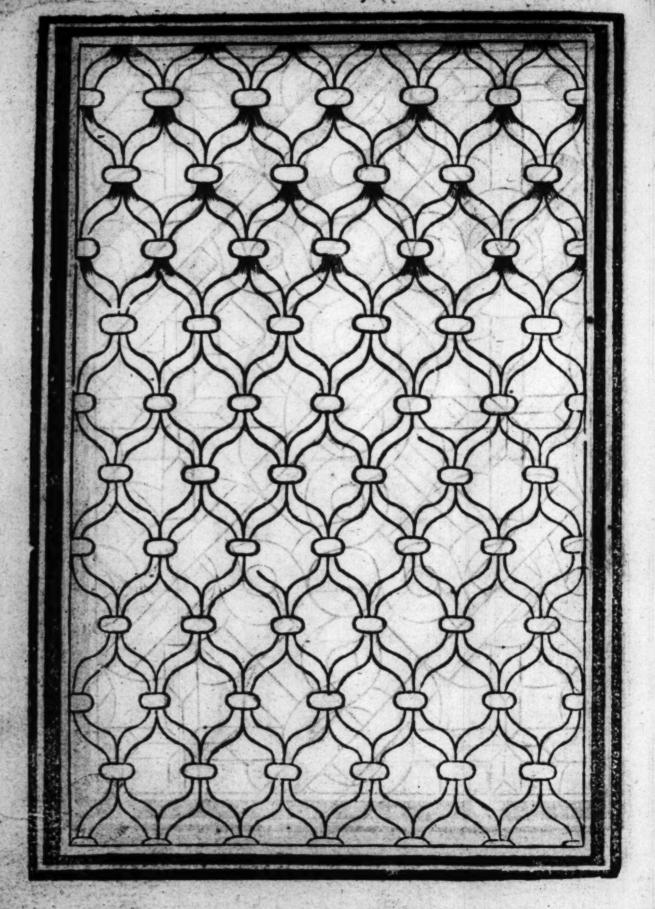


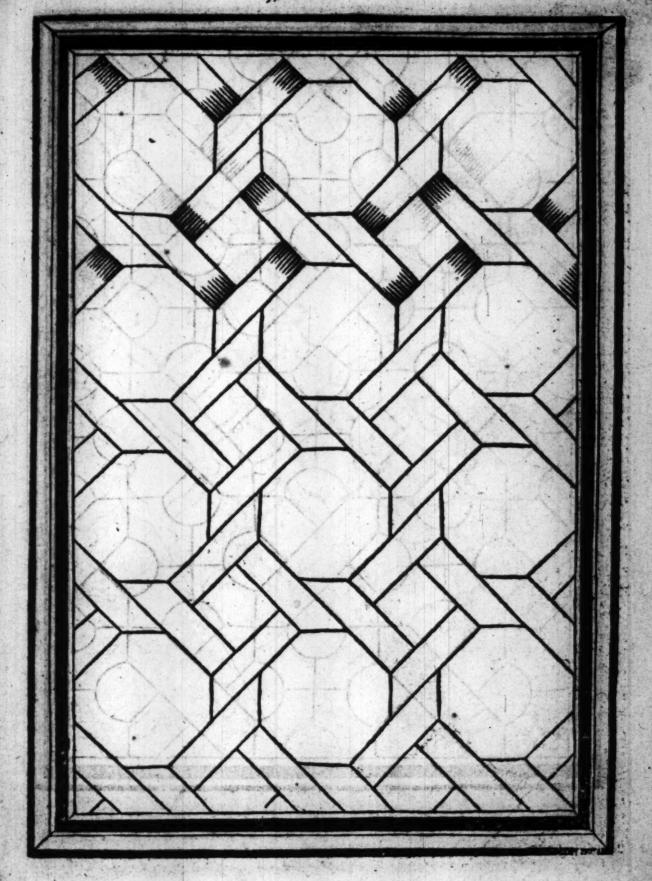


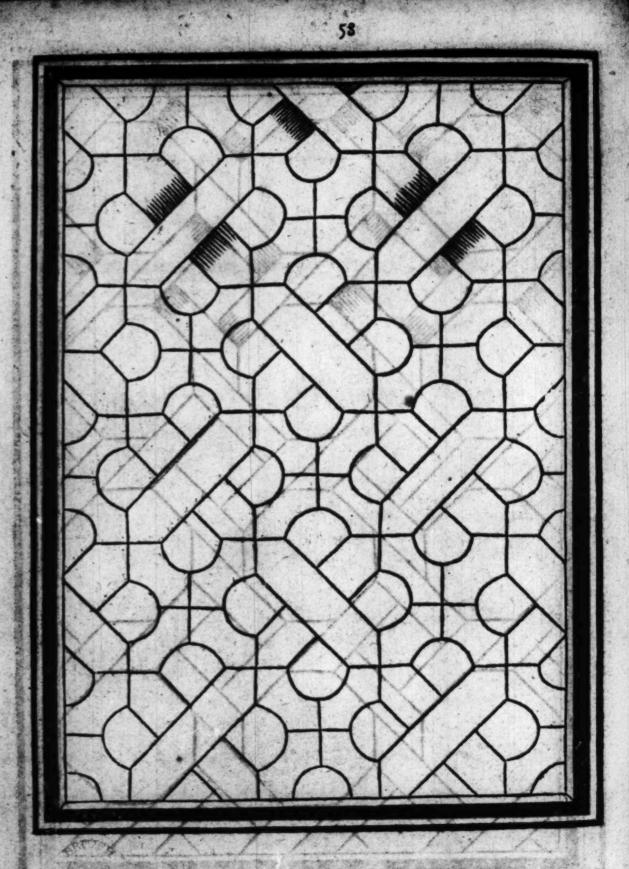


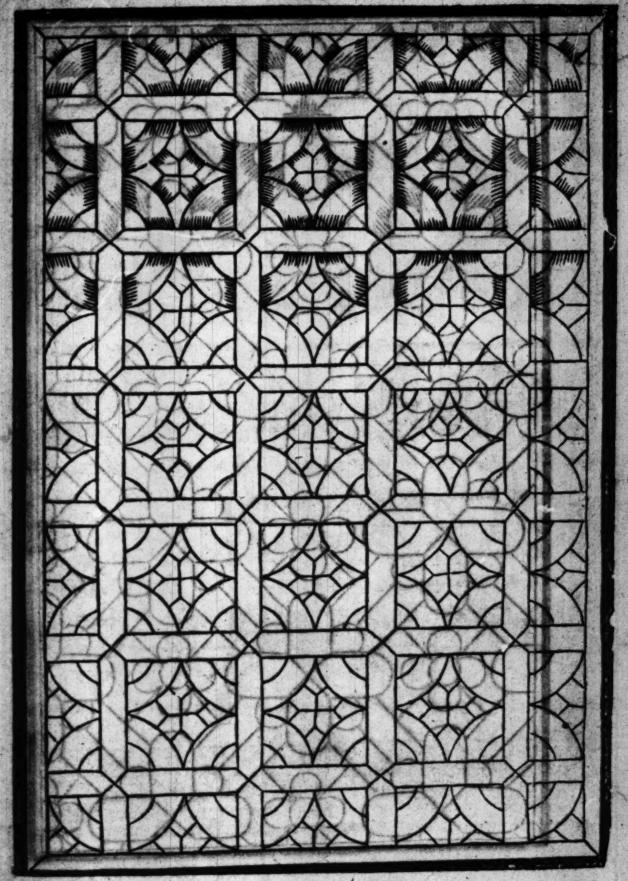


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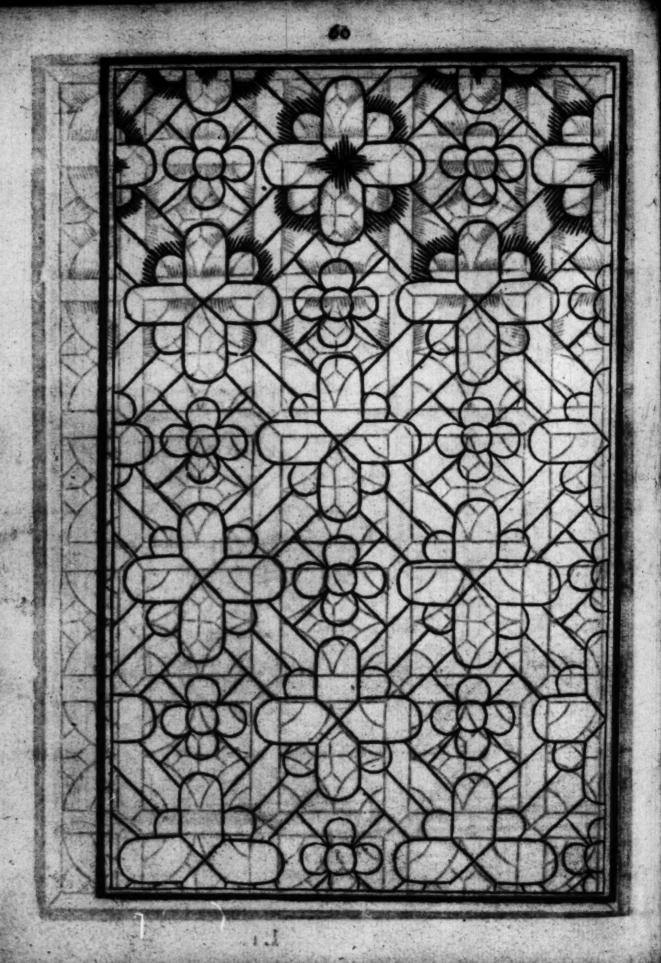


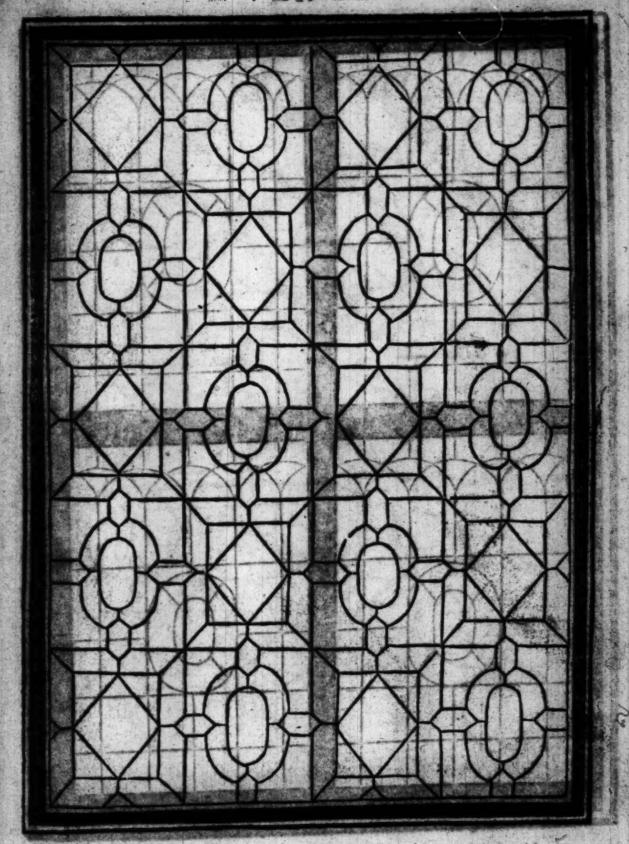


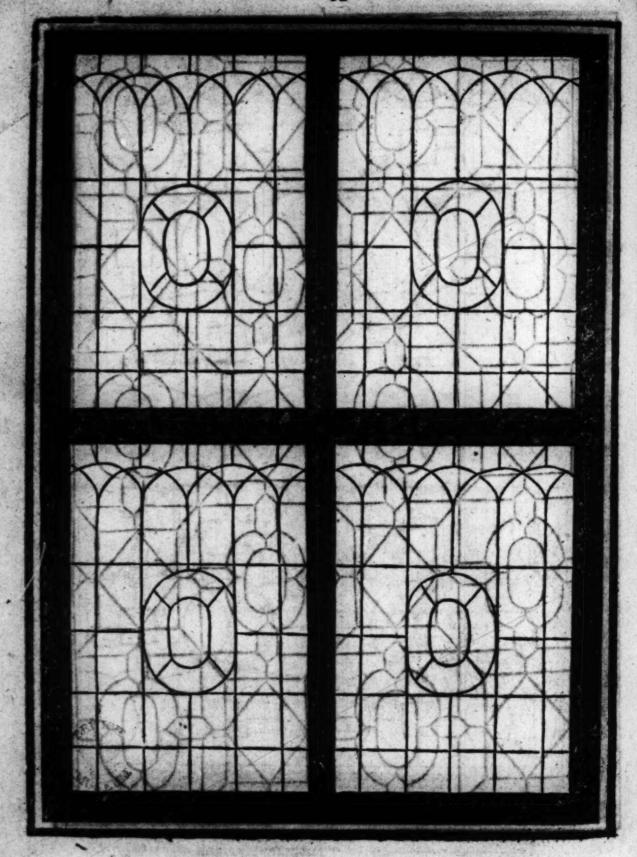


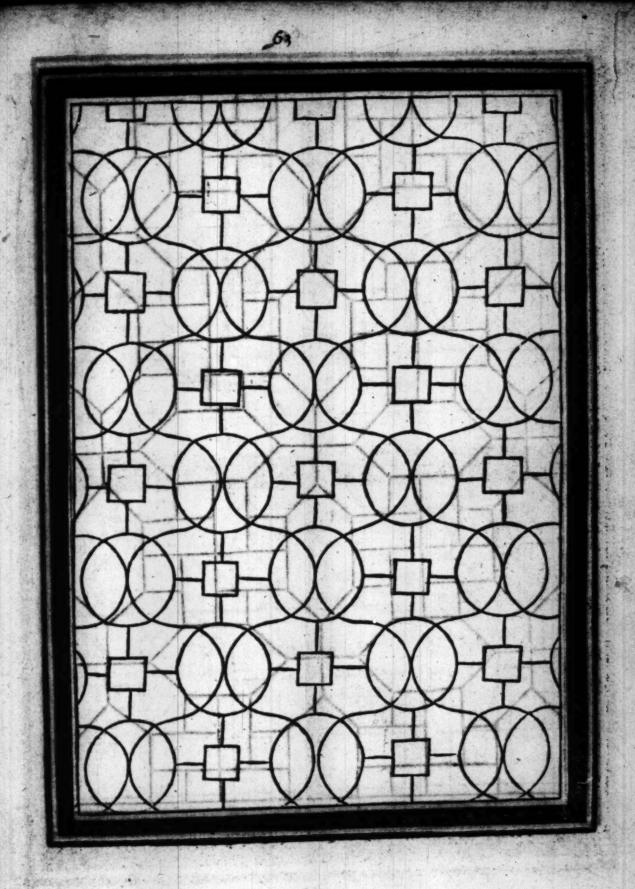


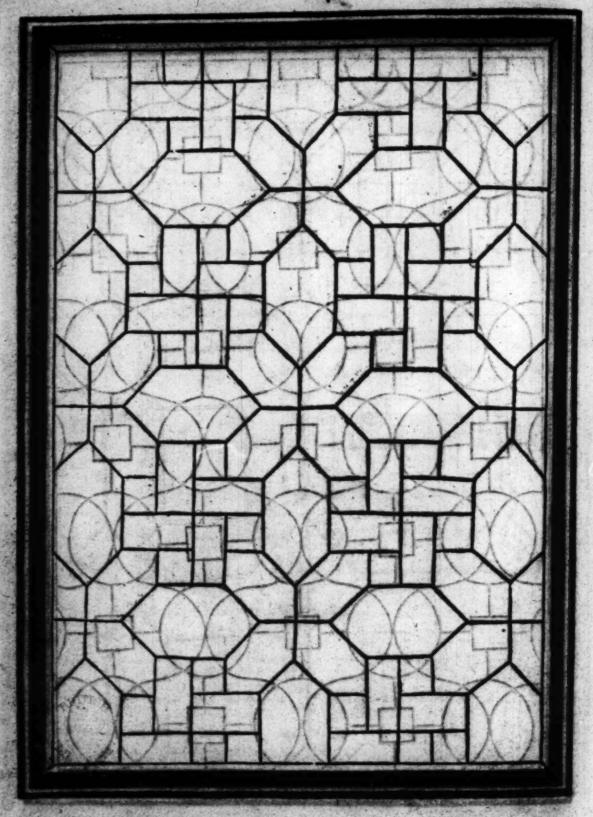
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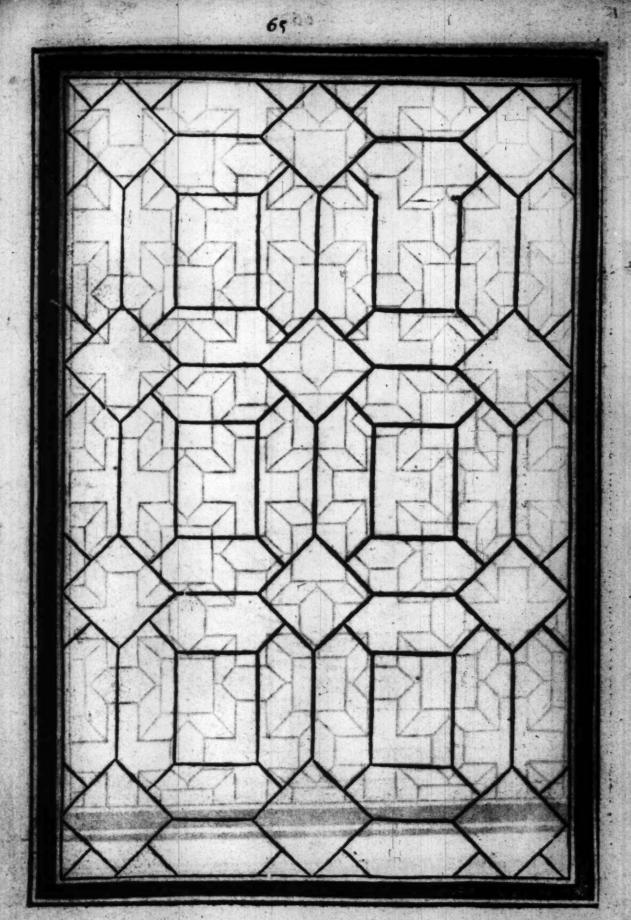


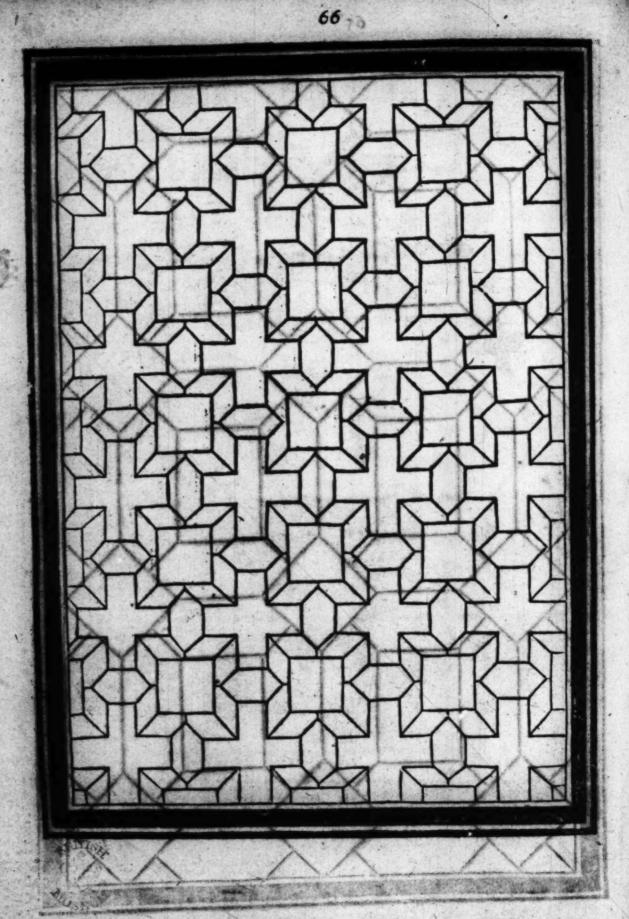


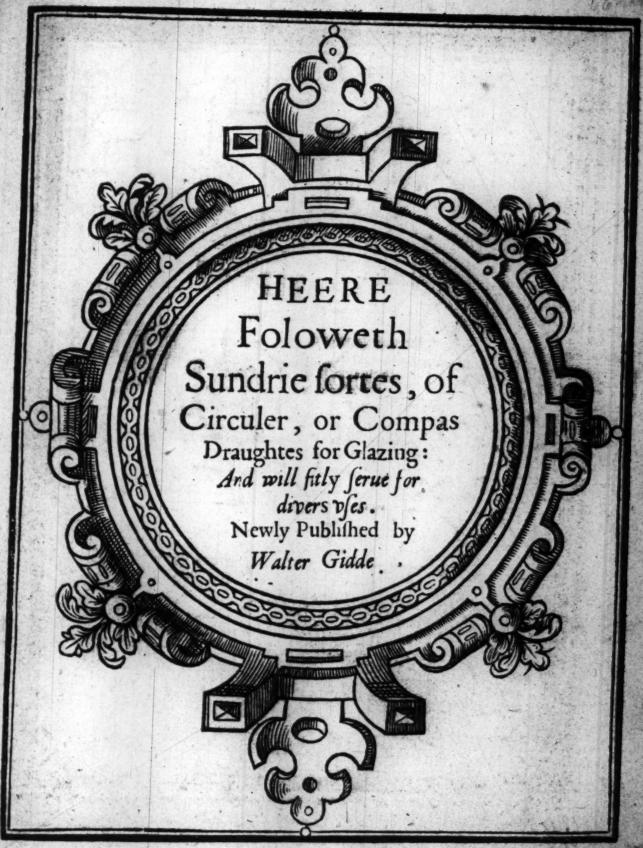


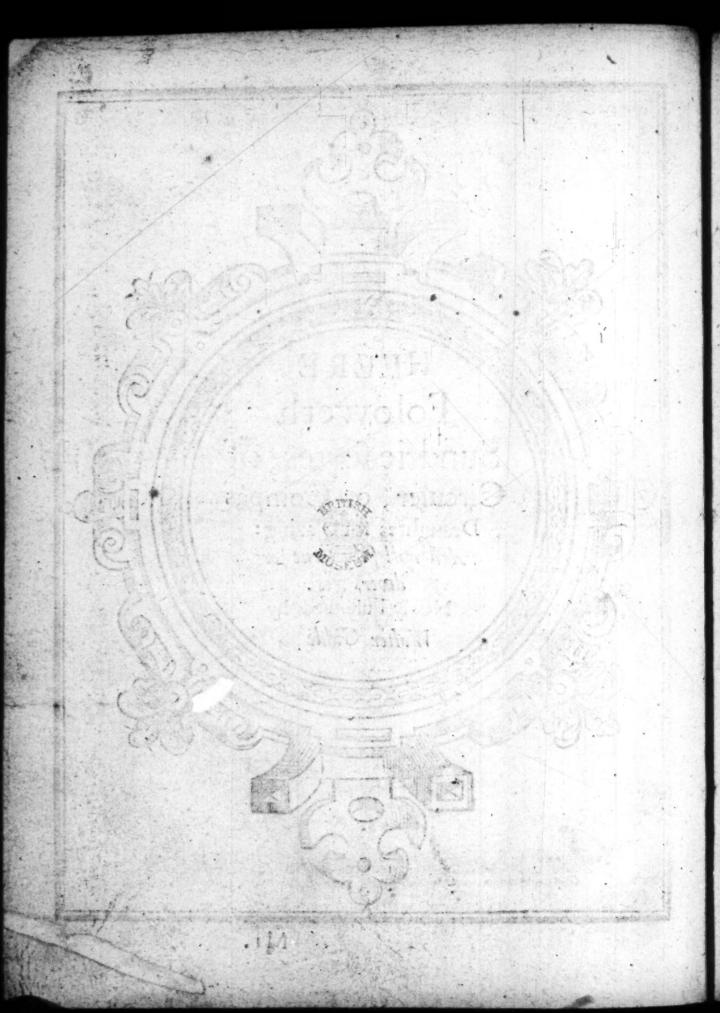


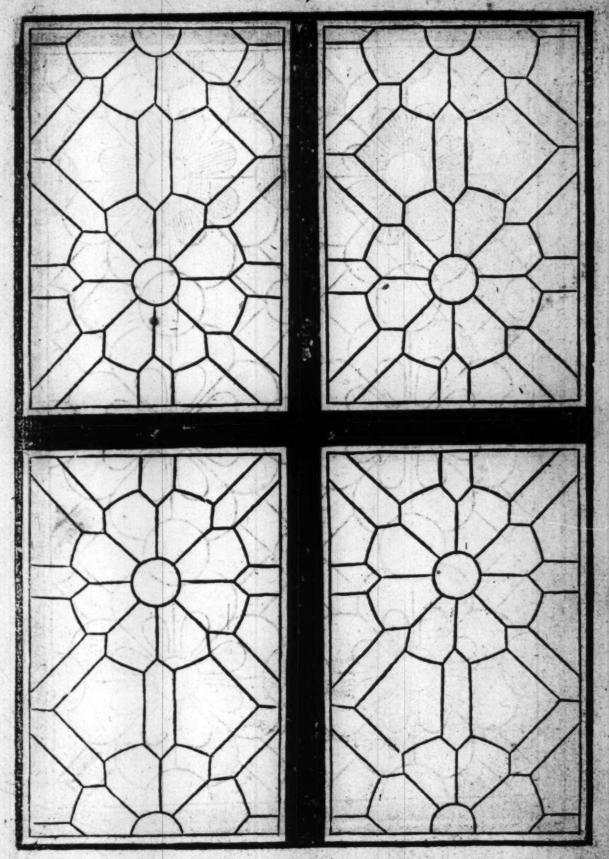


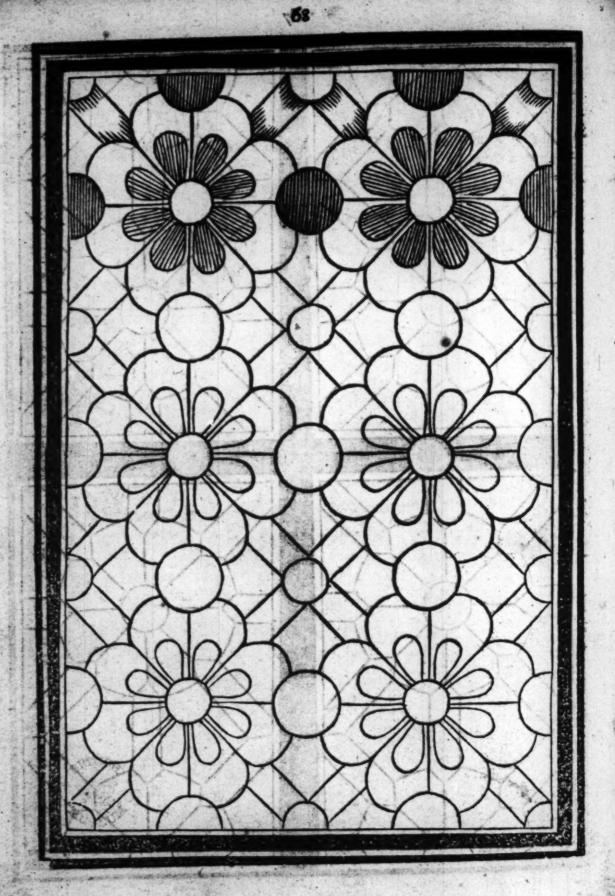


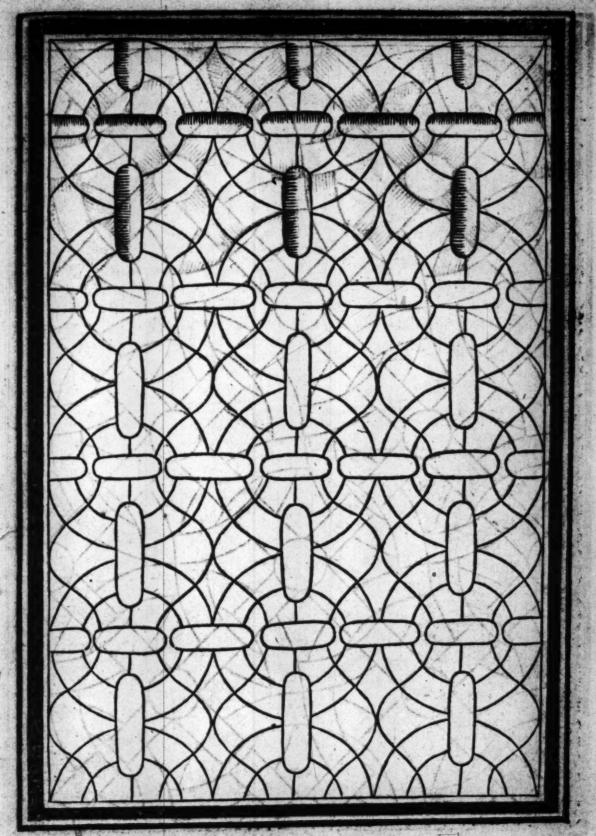




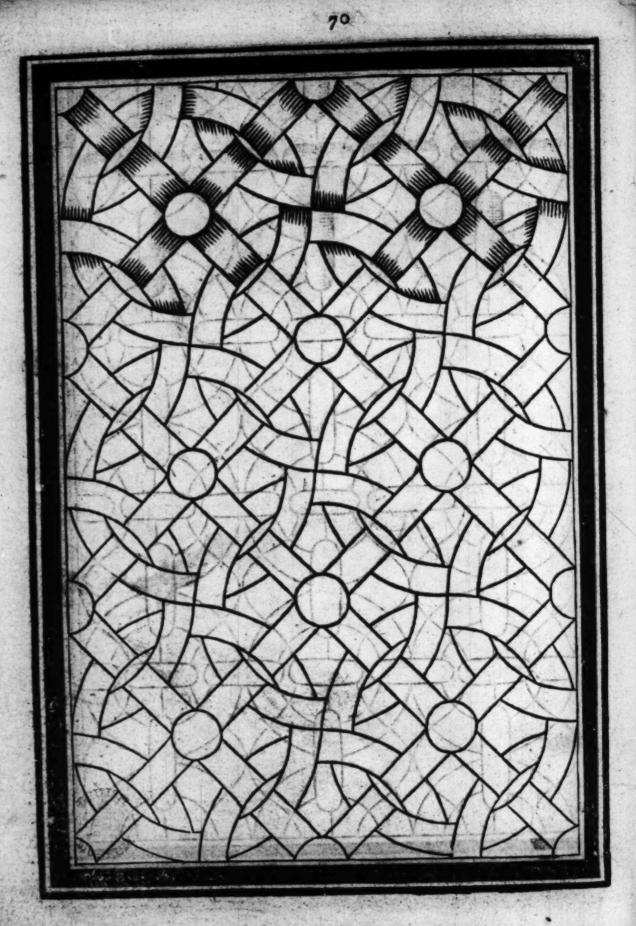


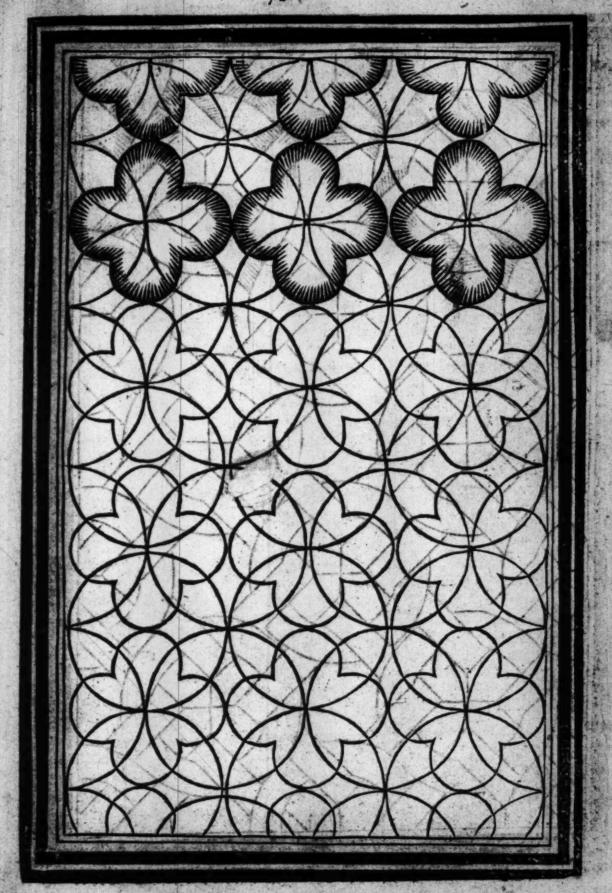




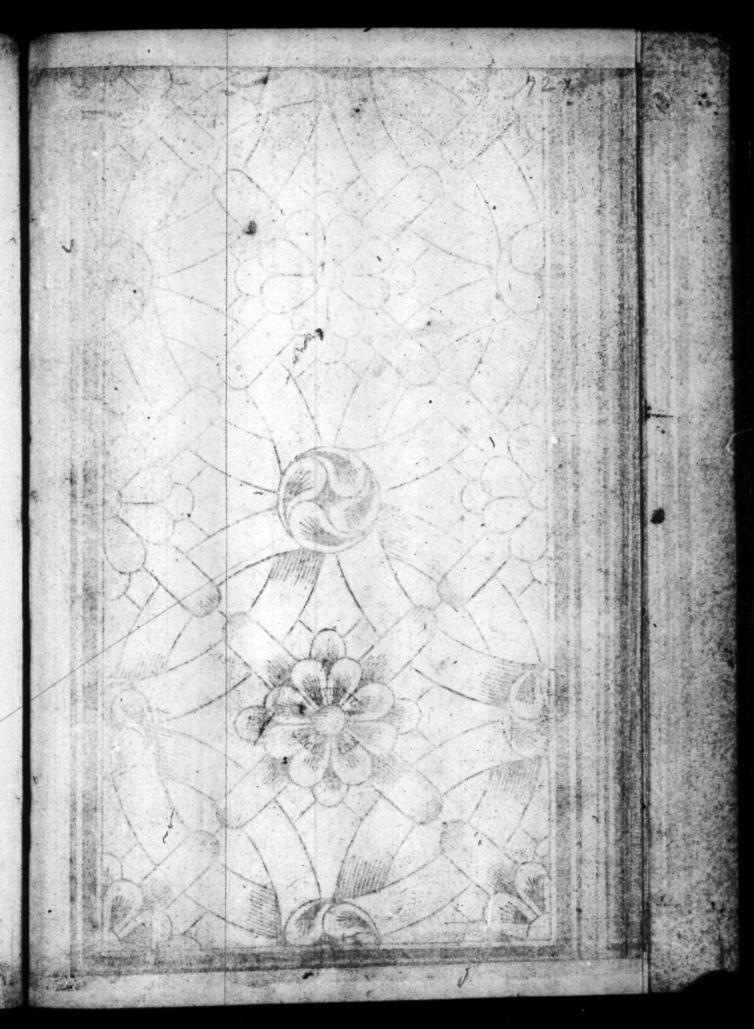


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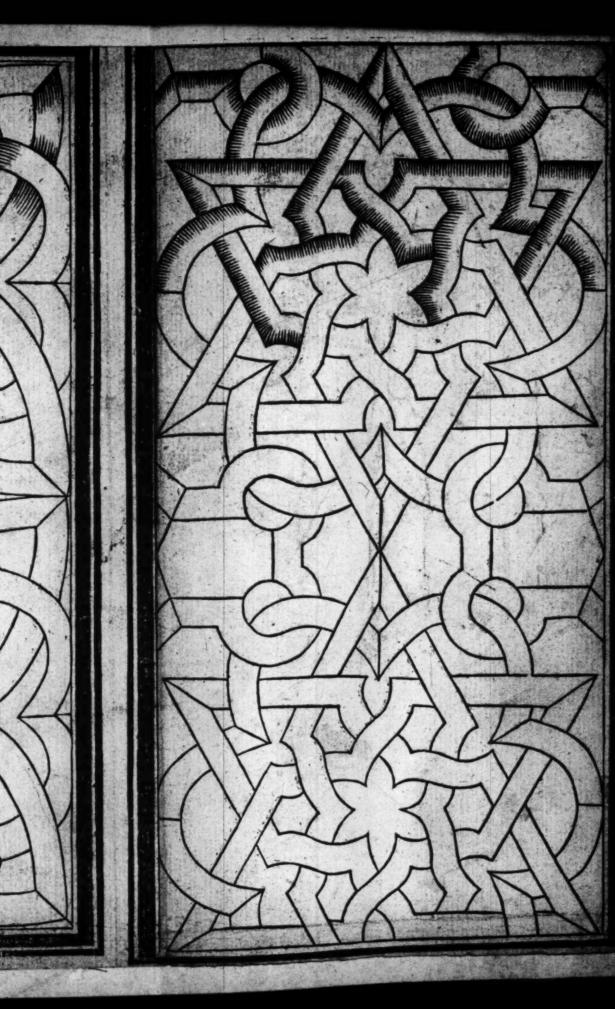


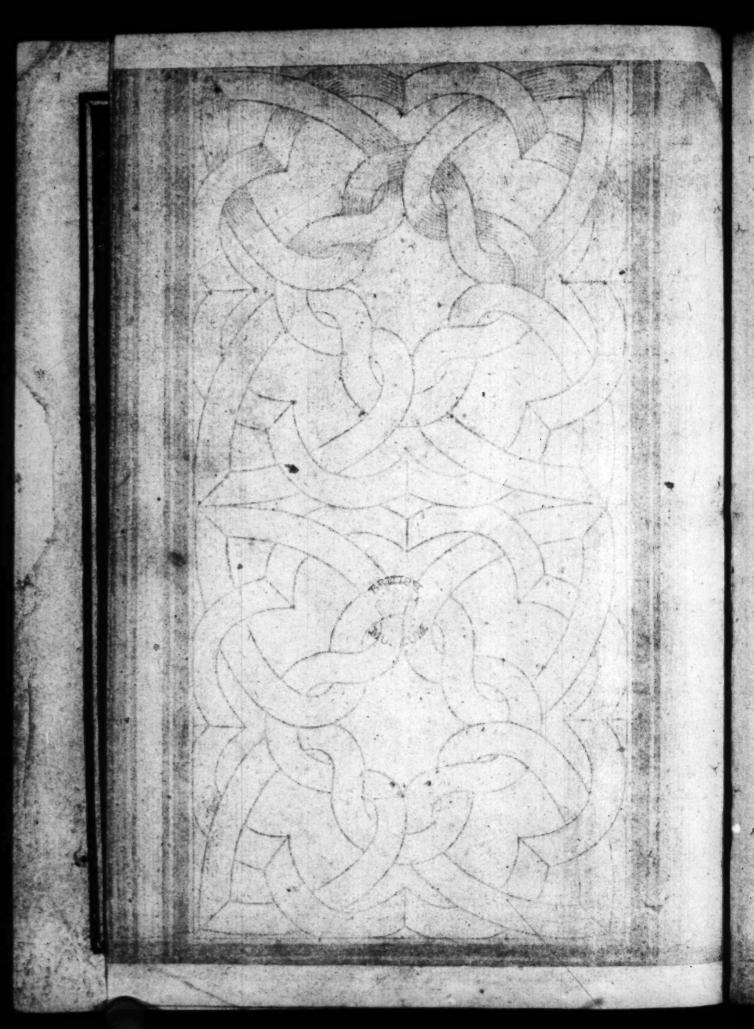




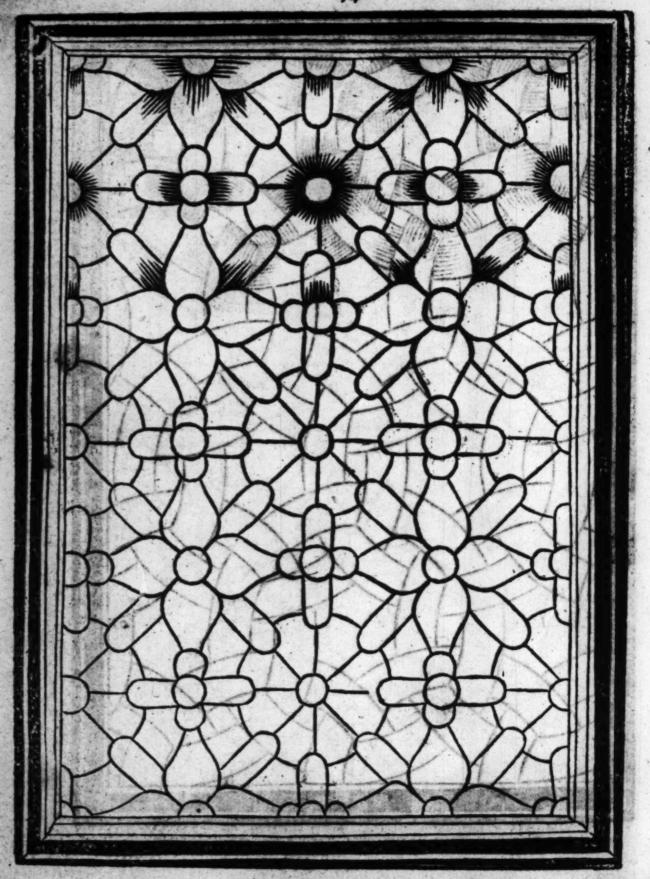


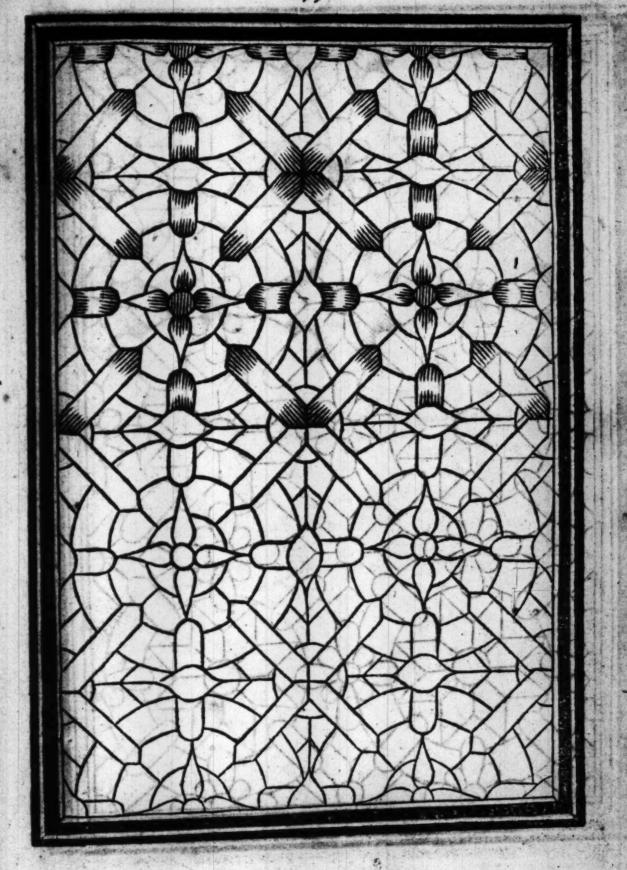


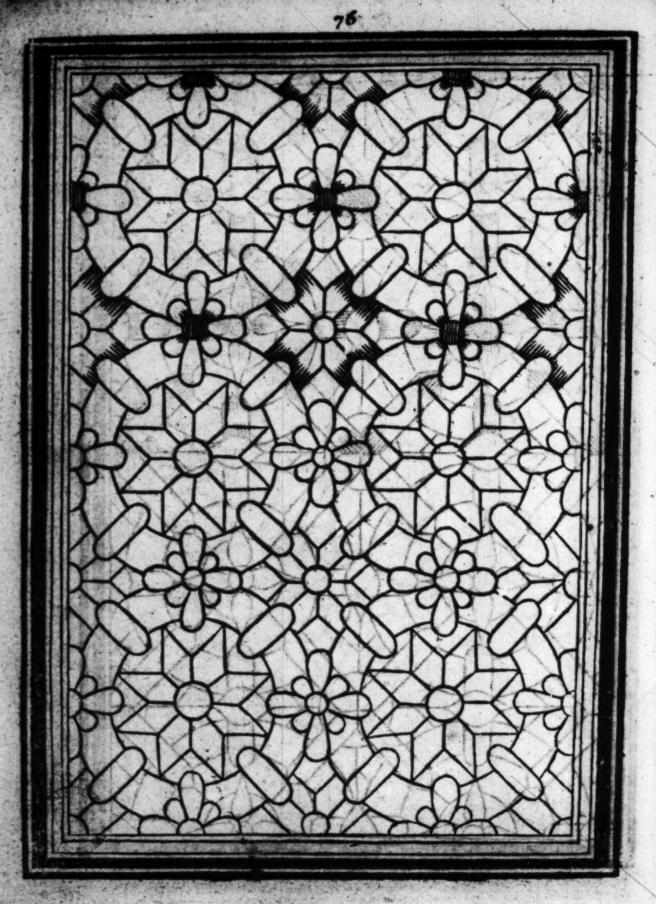


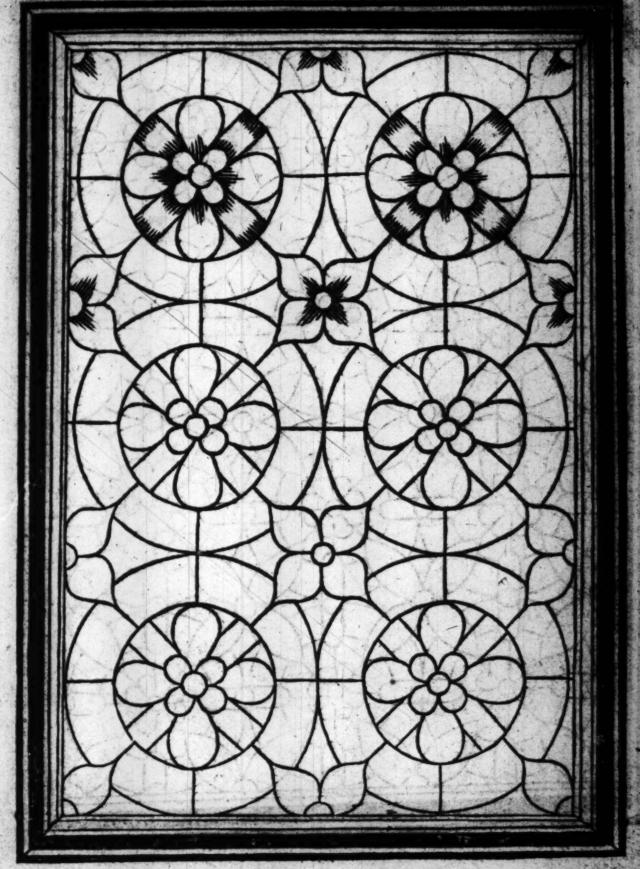


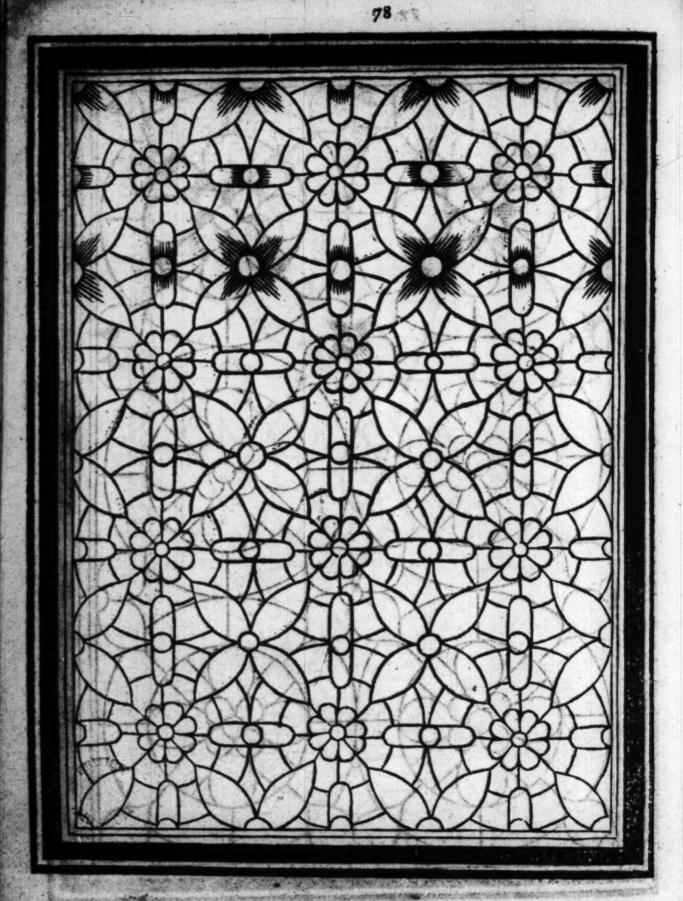




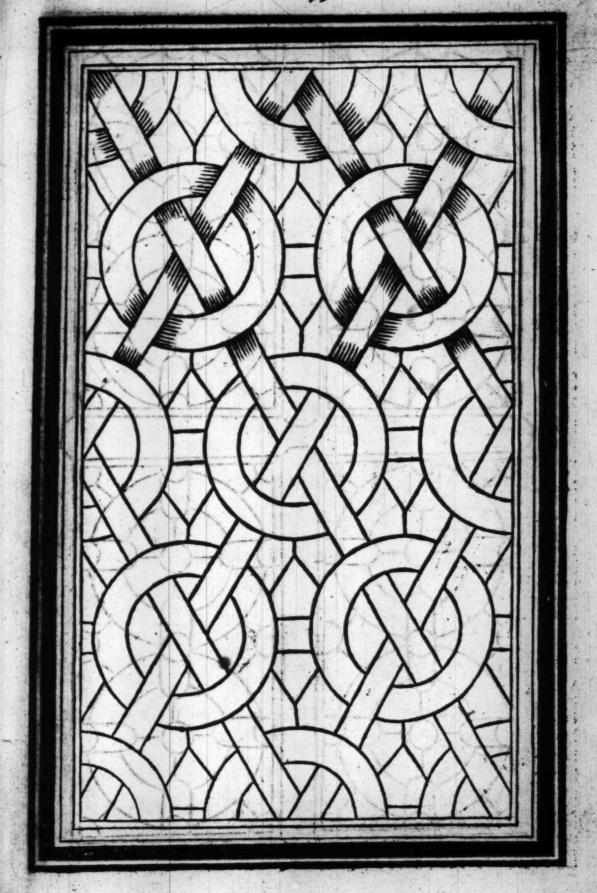


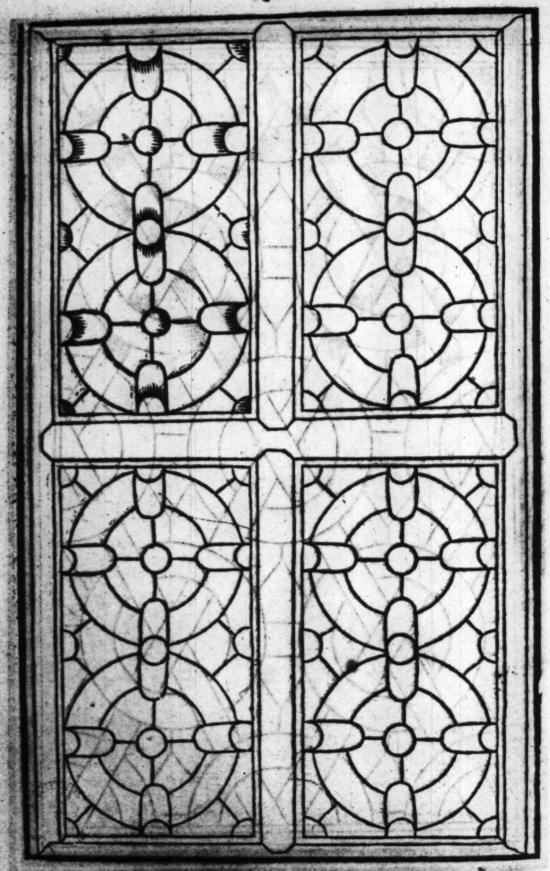


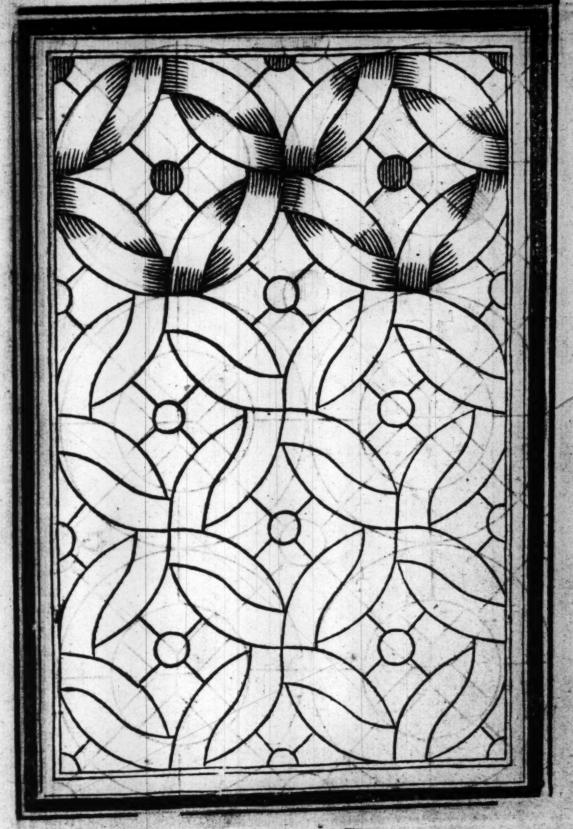


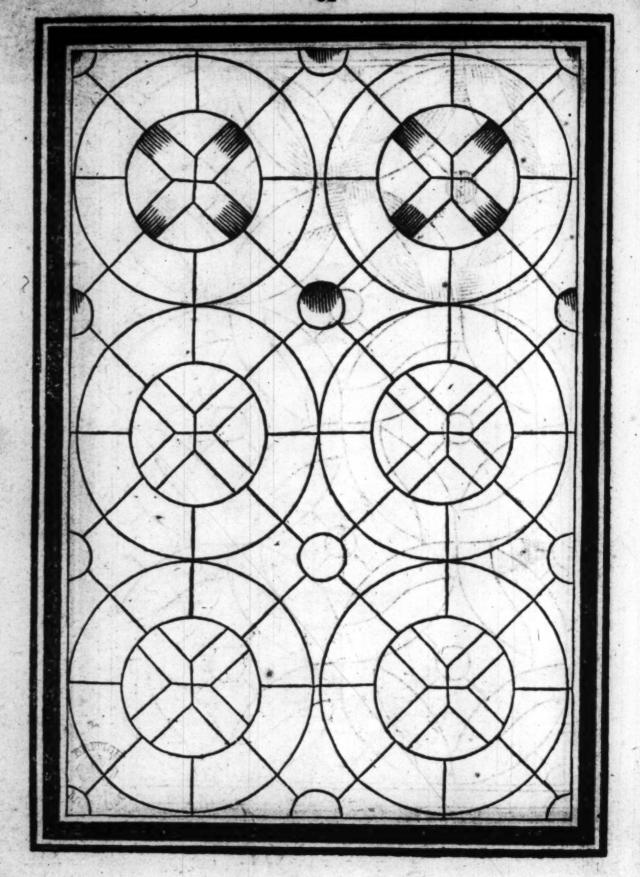


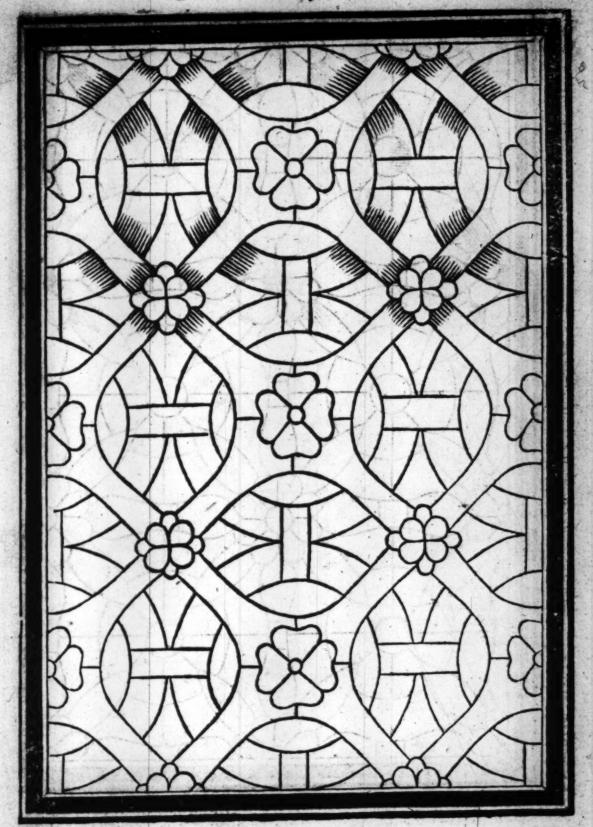
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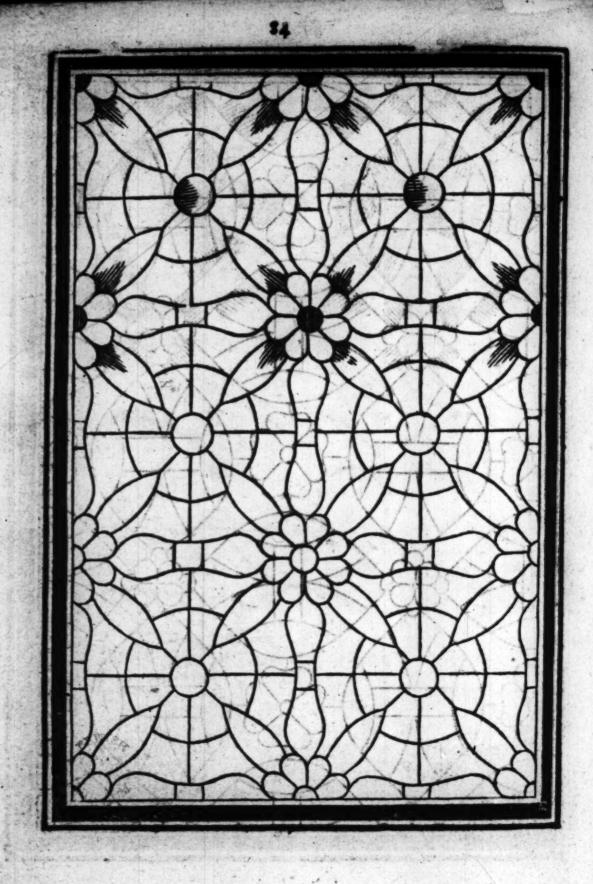


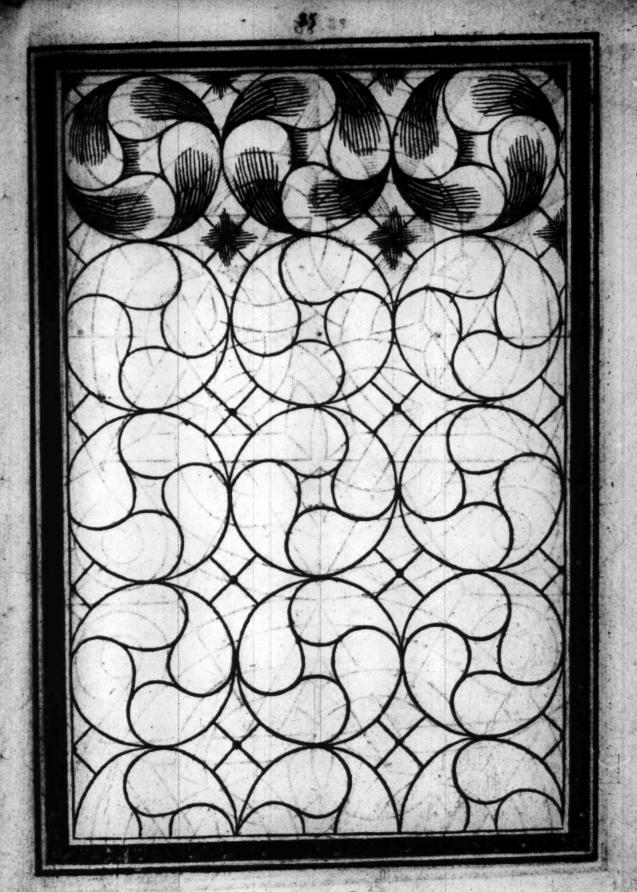








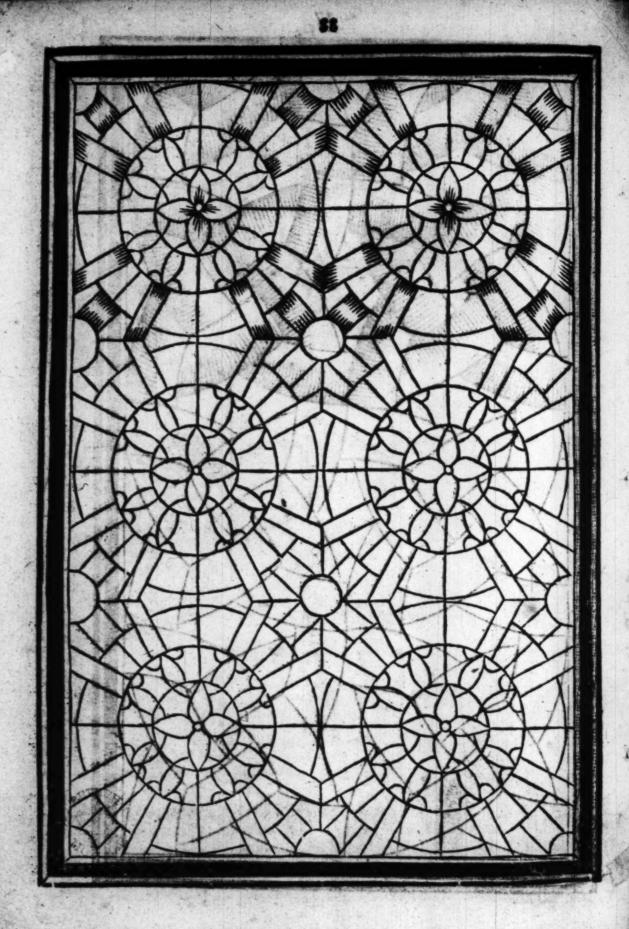


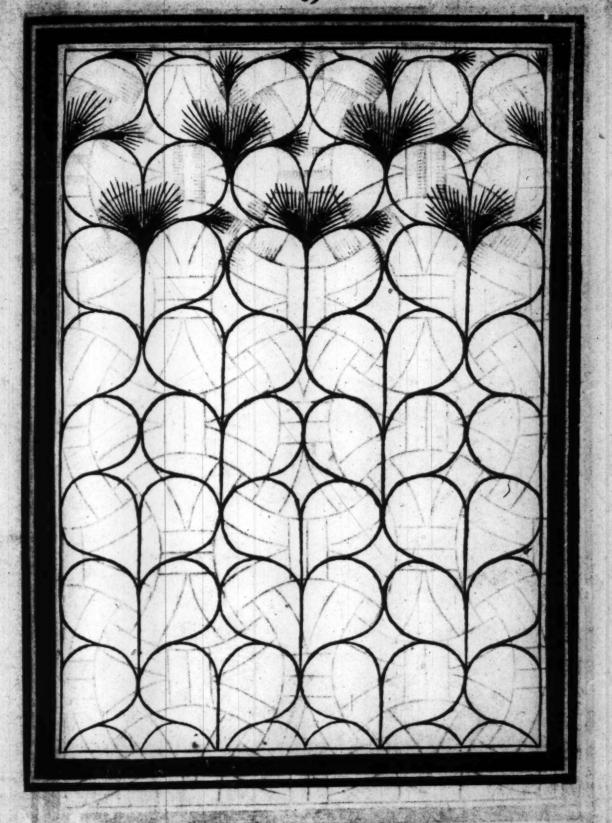






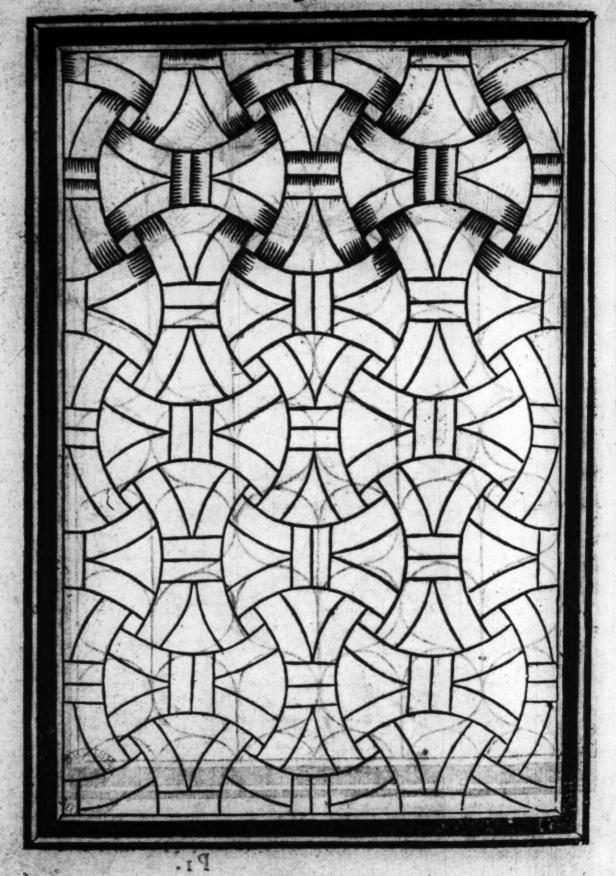


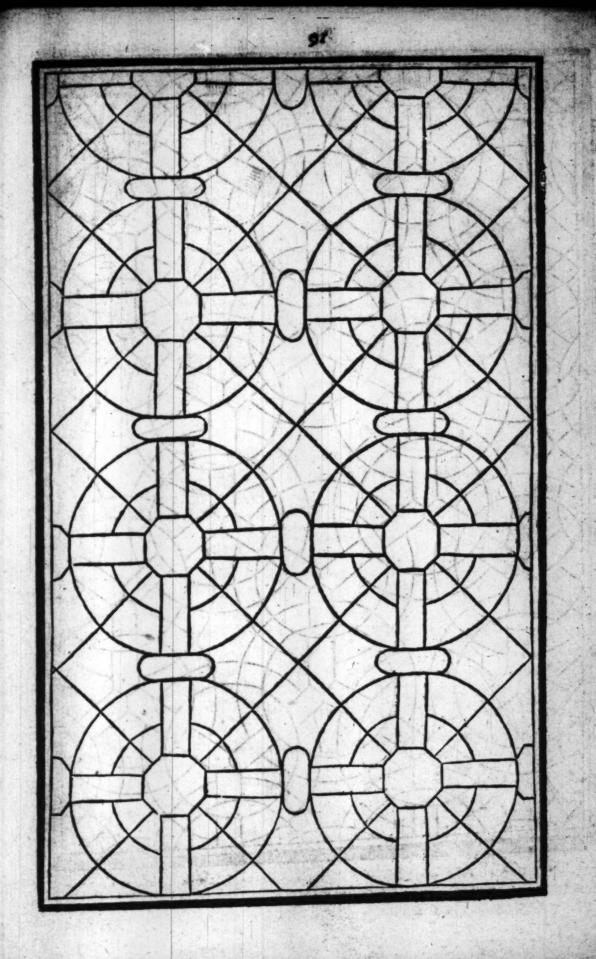


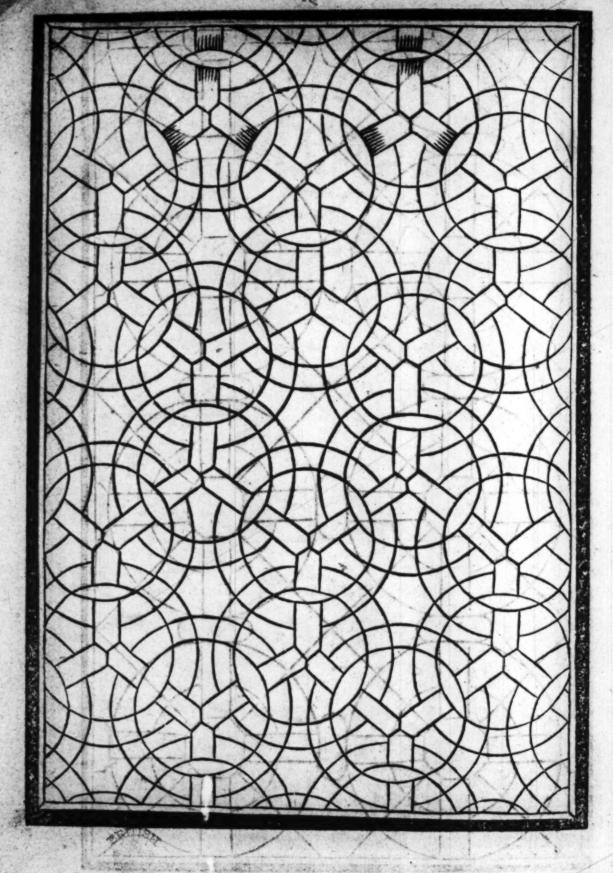


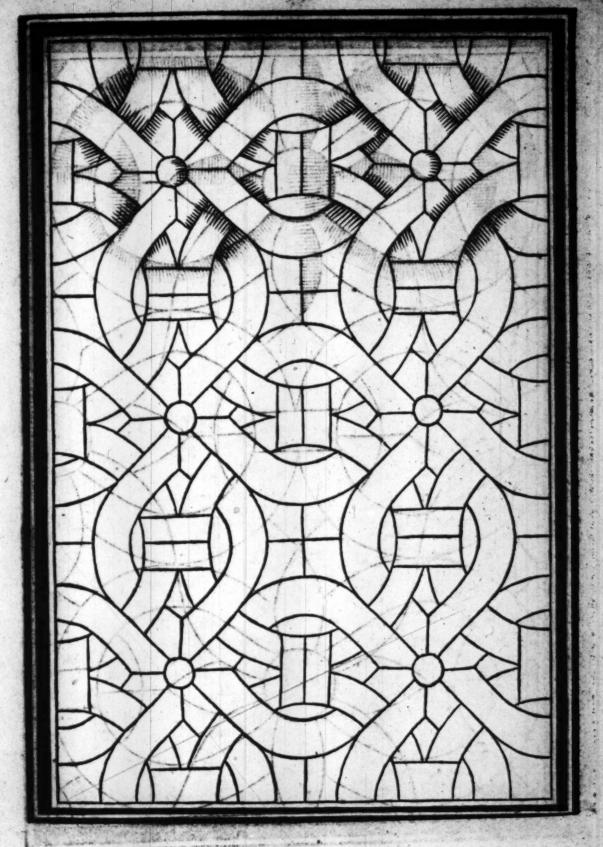
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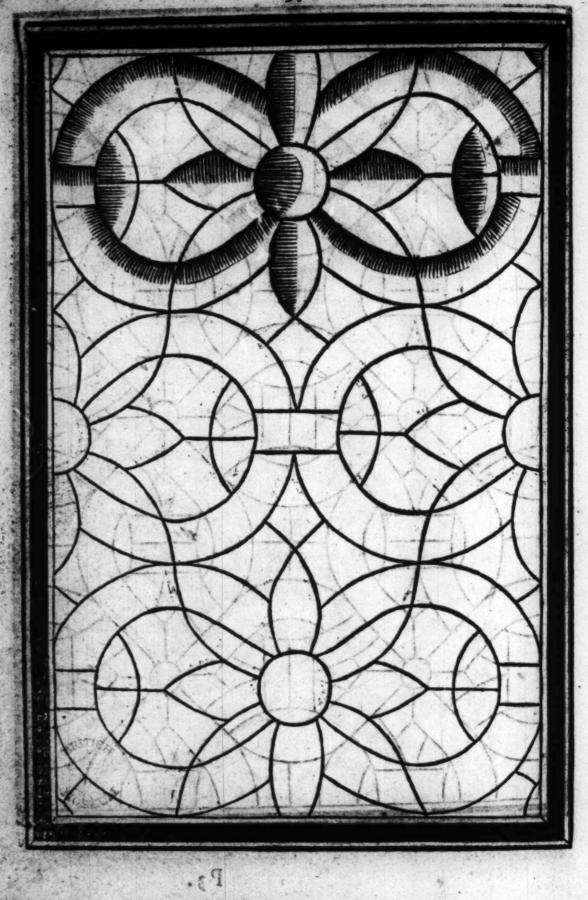




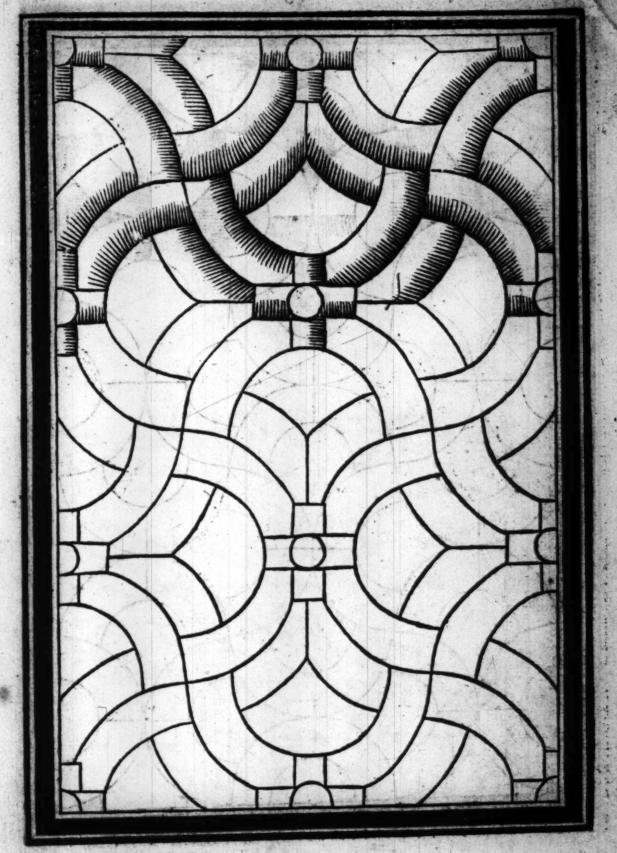


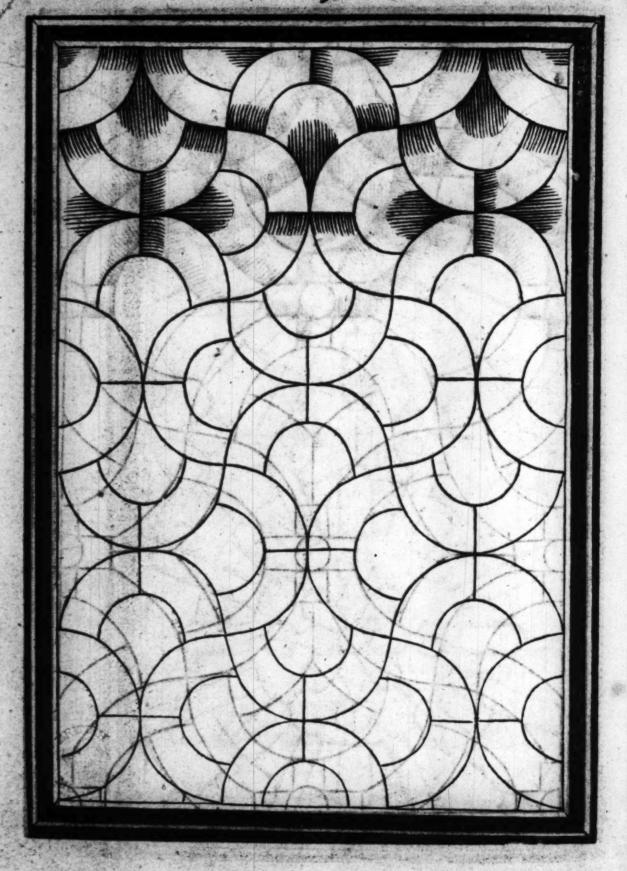


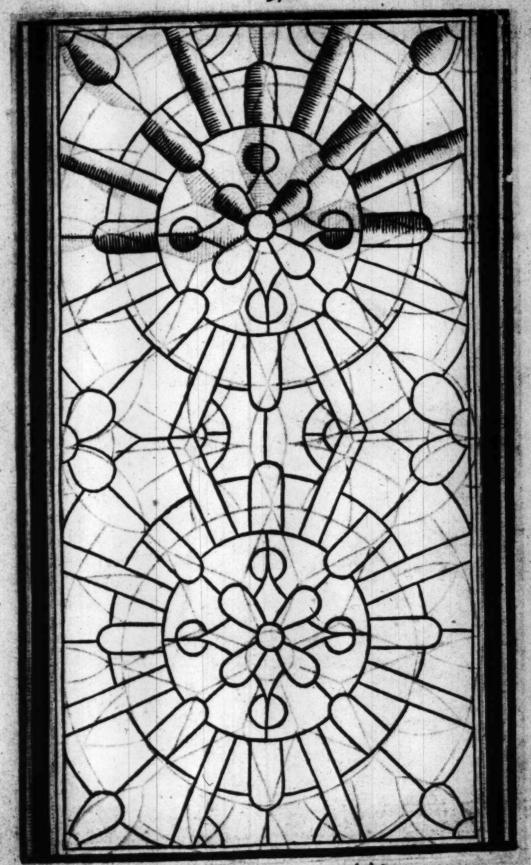


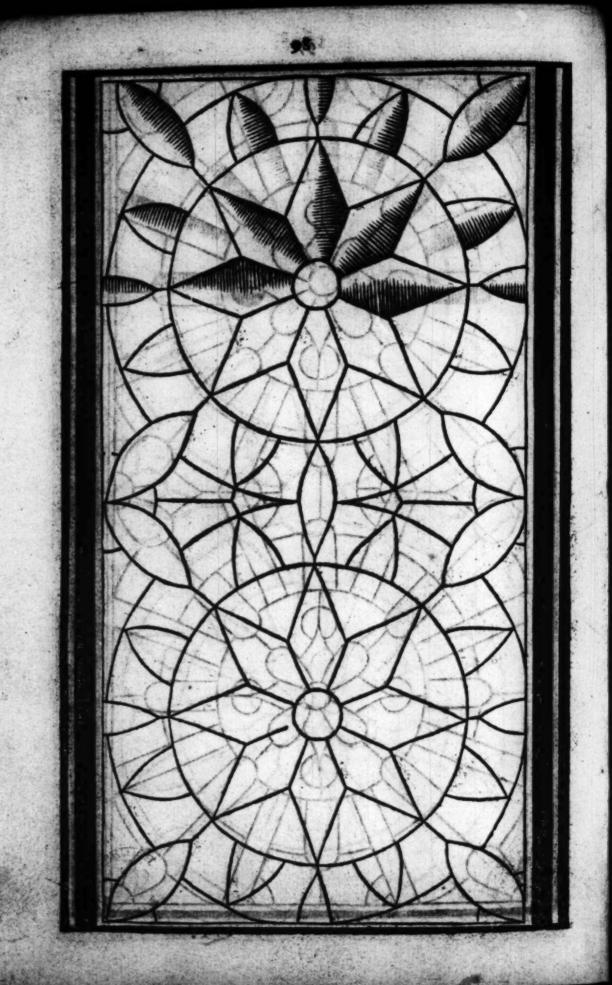


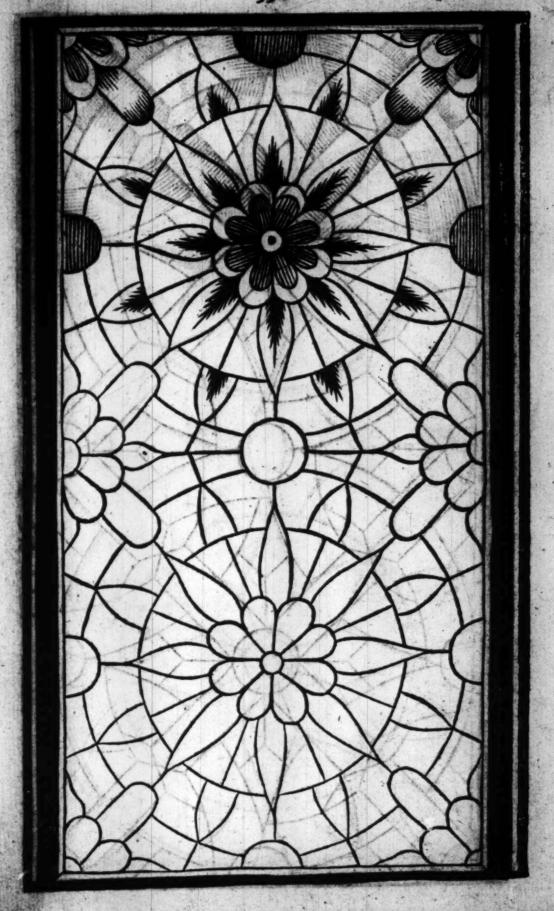


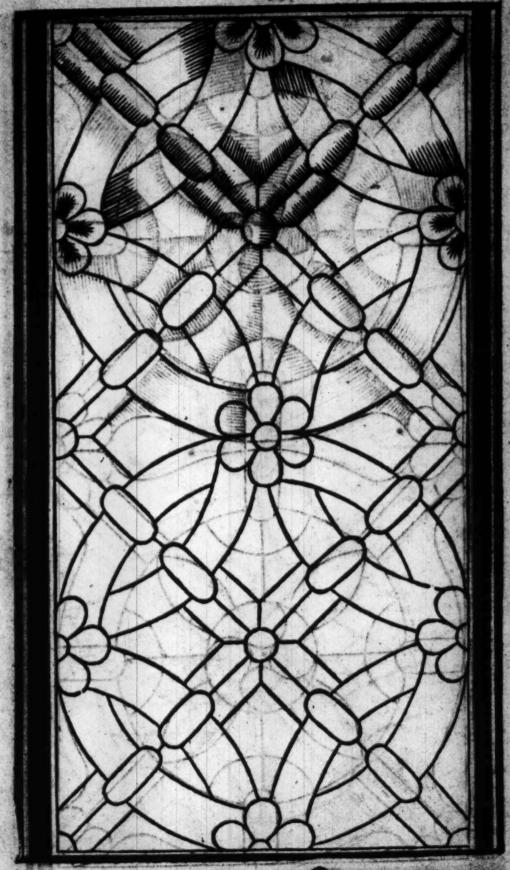


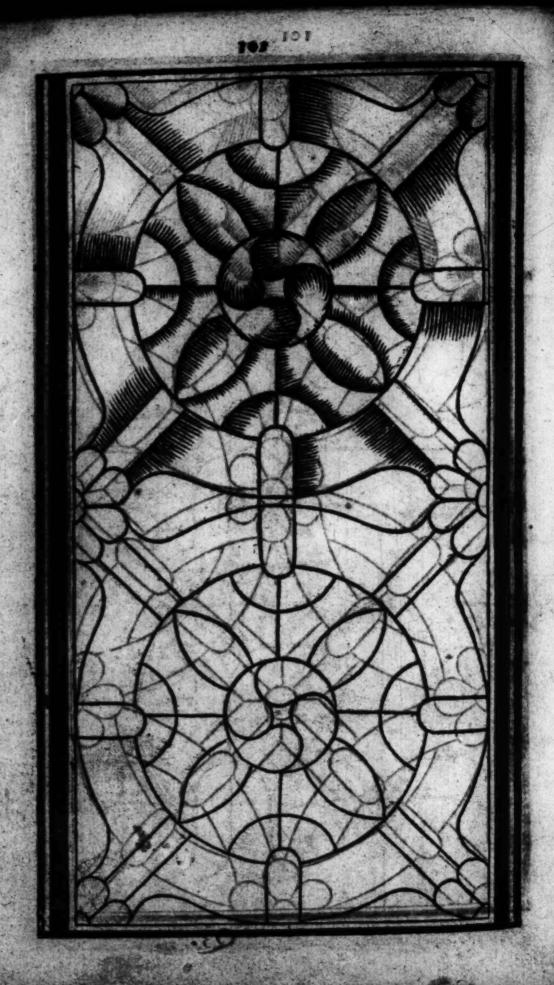


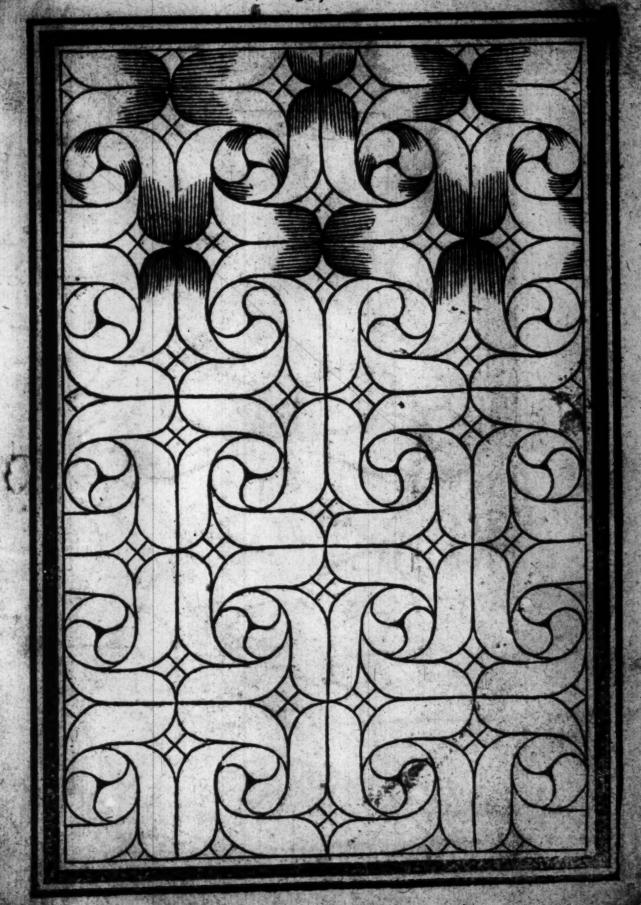




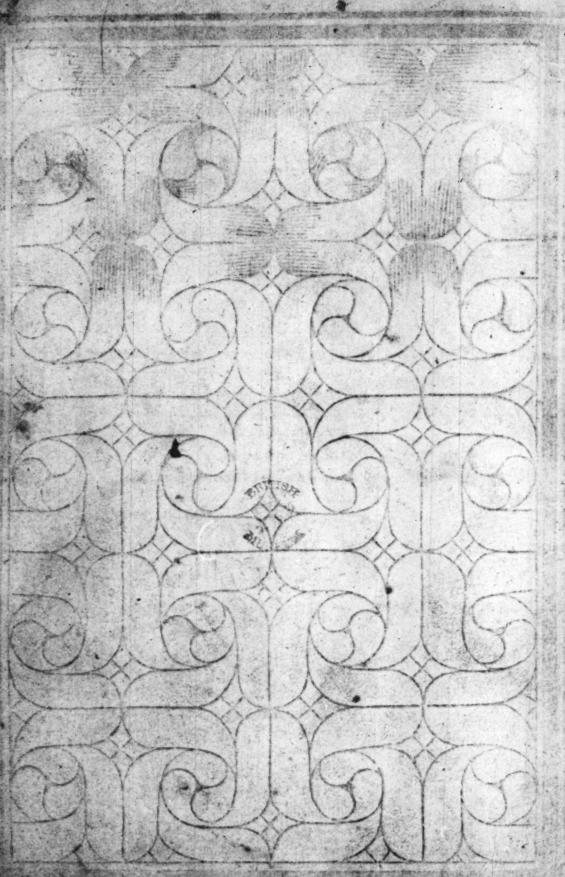












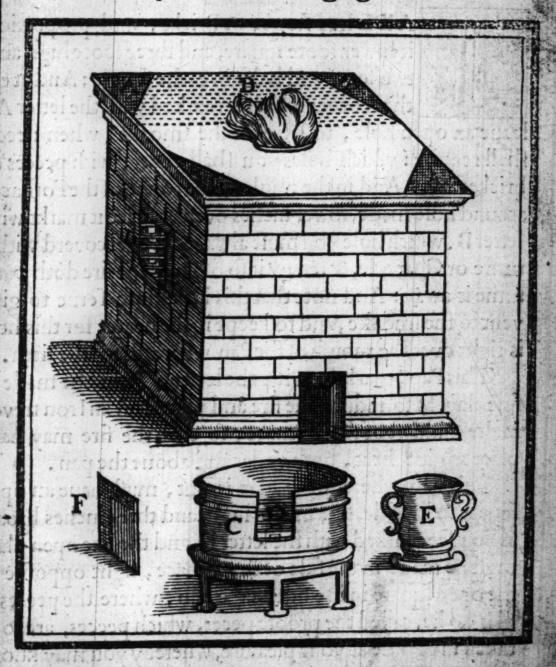
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THE TRVE FORME, OF THE

Furnace, for the Anneiling in Glasse, withall the Instruments belonging therevnto.



THE MANNER HOWE to erect the Fornace.

AK E free-stone, or Bricke, and proportion it sower soote square, and three soote high and two soote and halfe in eache square: And at either corner which is marked with the letter A. leave an open hole, to let oute the smoake, when neede shall require: which holes you shall cover, with peeces of bricke-bats. And in the midle of the toppe of the Fornace, around hole made, sower inches over as ye see it markt with letter B. which hole you must alwayes keepe coverd with a turste or Charcole, & renew it so often as the fire doth consume it away: And note that this hole doth serue to give vent to the smoake, and to keepe in the heate: for this hole is right over the mouth of the Pan where the glasse lieth.

This Pan, marked with the letter C. must be made of fine clay, fit to indure the fire and placed on an Iron trever, in the middest of the Fornace, so that the fire may have

place to give heat, both under and aboue the pan.

This Pan wherein the glas is put, must have an open square in the side, five inches high, and three inches broad, as you see marked with the letter D. and the like open place must be made in the side of the fornace, right opposite to the open square in the side of the pan, where the peeces of glas do lie, called the proofe peeces, which peeces, are to be taken in & oute at your pleasure, whereby you may knowe when your wrought glasse is thorowly enameled, and of a faire coullour.

How to Anneile in Glafe.

How you ought to prepare and put your Glas into

TAKE Chalke that is cleane, and beate it small in a Morter, or else grind it well on a painters stone: then sprinkle some of it in the bottom of the Pan, before the fire be put in the Furnace: then lay a plye, or laine of glasse that is wrought thereo, the sist on more chalk and then laye another tyre, or laine of glasse. So by beds of chalke & glasse, you may lay on as much prepared glass as the Pan will hold one rewe about another, but remeber that between every rewe of glasse you do siste on chalke, that the wrought glass may not touch one another. Then take little peeces of glasse, and touche the with the same coullour that your wrought glasse is of, & put them in at the passag, at the side of the Furnace, betwixt the beds of wrought glasse, & then begin to make a reasonable fire vnder and aboute the Pan vntill you thinke, that the glasse hath taken a faire coullour.

Now to knowe when your glas is perfectly ready; take a paire of tonges, and drawe oute one of those little peeces of glasse, called the proofse peece, and hold it between you and the light: if the cullor showe faire, and stick fast uppon the glasse, then you may be sure that the worke under is well and perfectly annelled, because it hath had the greatest strength of the fire: But if you doubt that the cullours be not sure, then rubbe with a rough stone or a knife, one of the proofe peeces, and then if the cullor some of, then you must let it continew longer in the fire, while you put the next peece to the proofe. Note further that the proofe hole in the side of the Furnace, marked with the letter D. must have a stone that will abide the fire sitted to it, such a one as you see marked with the letter F. which stone serveth to take of, and put on so often as you make triall of the proofe peeces.

Also you must have an earthen pot, such as ye see marked with the letter E. wherein you must have a readines some soft clay to fasten the stone againe, so often as you shall have occasion to remove it? But the holes in the toppe of the surnace you must not stoppe with clay, but only with peeces of brick bats so that the

fmoake may have vent oute.

THE

THE RECEIPETS, FOR THE true making of Collours for Glasse.

To make a faire Blacke.

TAKE the Scales of Iron & Copper, of each a like waight, & put it in acleane vessell that will indure the fire, till they be red hotte, then take halte as much leate, and stamp them into smal pouder, then mix them with Gumwater, & grind them fine vpon a painters stone and so drawe with it vpon your glasse.

To make a Greene coullour.

TAKE Vertegrease, and grind it very well with Turpentine then put it in a cleane pot, and when you would vie it warme it at the fire.

To make a faire red .

TAKE Sanguis draconis and beate it well in a Morter, & after straine it thorough a linning cloth, with a little Aquavitie, and so vie it.

Carnation .

TAKE two ouces of Tyn-glas, and fix ownces of leat, half an ounce of gum, ten ounces of red Ocker, and grind them very well togeather, and so vie it.

Blew.

Blew ...

TAKE beades of blew glas, and beat them into poulder, in a brasen morter, and halte as much of goldsmithes blew amaling that shines through, & grind them together with gum-water, and so vieit.

Yellow .

TAKE a quantitie of fine filver, and cut it in smale preces, and put there to a little Antimonium beaten to poulder, and put them to-geather in a melting-pot, and set them on the fire well covered round about with hotte embers the space of an hower, then take it from the fire, and poure it into the bottom of a cleane earthen vessell that will abide the heate thereof: after it is cold beat it into fine poulder, and grind it on a Painters stone, and when it is well ground, take sixe times as much Ocker as the Silverweighes, and seven times as much old earth that hath bin scraped off from enamaled worke: after that, let it be well ground, then put all this together in apot with gume-water, and stirre it well aboute and so vie it.

Tomake a Grey couller.

TAKE Iron scales, alittle Cristall, and sum smale quantitie of leate, grind these well together upon a painters stone, the more leate ye take, the sadder the coullour will be, &like-wise the more christall you put to it the lighter.

To Diaper uppon glas.

TAKE Cristall, beaten to poulder, and grind it well uppon apainters stone with Gumwater, and so vie it: It will apeare a prettie light coullour, different from the glas: Keepe this toullour in a little Potte, and when you will vie it, stirre it well aboute.

Another faire red Cullour.

TAKE a quatitie of red glasse beades, and halfe as much of Goldsmithes red Enamaling, and prepare it as you did the blew coullour before.





